

महाराष्ट्र विद्युत नियामक आयोग

Maharashtra Electricity Regulatory Commission

Ref. No. MERC/FAC/2023-24/0578

To,

The Chief Executive Officer,

Adani Electricity Mumbai Limited, Devidas Lane, Off SVP Road, Near Devidas Telephone Exchange Borivali (W), Mumbai – 400 092

Subject:

Prior approval of Fuel Adjustment Charges (FAC) submissions of AEML-D for the

month of September 2022.

Reference:

1. AEML-D FAC submission for the month of September 2022 vide email dated 9 February, 2023.

2. The data gaps were communicated vide emails dated 8 June, 2023.

3. AEML-D replied vide emails dated 23 June, 2023

Sir,

Upon vetting the FAC calculations for the month of September, 2022 as mentioned in the above reference, the Commission has accorded approval for FAC amount of Rs. 172.88 Crore.

As FY 2022-23 is already over and Provisional Truing-up of FY 2022-23 has also been done by the Commission in the recent MTR Order dated 31 March, 2023, the revised power purchase cost resulting in FAC is already adjusted in the said MTR Order. Accordingly, the FAC chargeable to consumers is as shown in the table below:

Month	FAC Amount (Rs. Crore)
September 2022	0

*FAC already allowed to be recovered as approved in FAC approval dated 01.07.2022 for the period from December 2021 to April 2022 for recovery in five months period between July 2022 to November 2022 for recovery in five months period between July 2022 to November 2022 for recovery in five months period between July 2022 to November 2022 for the period from December 2021 to April 2022 for recovery in five months period between July 2022 to November 2022 for the period from December 2021 to April 2022 for recovery in five months period between July 2022 for recovery in five months period between July 2022 for recovery in five months period between July 2022 for recovery in five months period between July 2022 for recovery in five months period between July 2022 for recovery in five months period between July 2022 for recovery in five months period between July 2022 for recovery in five months period between July 2022 for recovery in five months period between July 2022 for recovery in five months period between July 2022 for recovery in five months period between July 2022 for recovery for the period for the period

Yours faithfully,

Date: 2 November, 2023

(Dr. Prafulla Varhade)

Director (Elect. Engg.), MERC

Encl: Annexure A: Detailed Vetting Report for the period of September 2022.

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PRIOR APPROVAL FOR FAC CHARGES FOR THE MONTH OF SEPTEMBER 2022

<u>Subject:</u> Prior approval of Fuel Adjustment Charges (FAC) submissions of AEML-D for the month September 2022.

Reference: 1. AEML-D FAC submission for the month of September 2022 vide email dated 9 February, 2023.

2. Data gaps communicated vide emails dated 8 June, 2023.

3. AEML-D replies vide emails dated 23 June, 2023.

1. FAC submission by AEML-D:

1.1 AEML-D has made FAC submissions for the month of September 2022 as referred above. Upon vetting the FAC calculations, taking cognizance of all the submissions furnished by AEML-D, the Commission has accorded prior approval to AEML-D for the FAC amount of Rs. 172.88 Crore. The approved FAC amount is adjusted at the time of Provisional Truing-up of FY 2022-23 in the MTR Order dated 31 March, 2023.

2. Background

- 2.1 On 30 March, 2020 the Commission has issued Tariff Order in respect of AEML-D (Case No. 325 of 2019) for approval of Aggregate Revenue Requirement and Multi Year Tariff for FY 2020-21 to FY 2024-25. Revised Tariff has been made applicable from 1 April, 2020.
- 2.2 Vide its letter dated 20 April, 2020, the Commission communicated the excel formats for filing of FAC submissions to all Distribution Licensees including SEZs. The Commission also directed all Distribution Licensees to submit FAC computations, including details pertaining to variation in fuel cost of generators for the approval of the Commission. On 19 May, 2021, the Commission has also issued guidelines for considering consumer sales in FAC computation from April, 2021 onwards based on uniform methodology.
- 2.3 As per Prior Approval of FAC Guidelines dated 20 April, 2020, the Commission directed Distribution Licensee to seek prior approval for monthly FAC computations. Accordingly, vide its email dated 9 February 2023, AEML-D has filed FAC submissions for the month of September 2022 for prior approval of the Commission. The Commission has scrutinized the submissions provided by AEML-D and has also verified the power purchase bills and other fuel related invoices provided along with its submissions.

3. Energy Sales of the Licensee





3.1 The net energy sales within licence area as submitted by AEML-D in the FAC submission and as approved by the Commission are as shown in the Table 1 below:

Table 1: Energy Sales - Approved and Actual

Consumer Category	Approved by the Commission (MU)	Monthly Approved (MU)	Actual Sales (September 2022) (MU)
	(I)	(II=I/12)	(III)
LT Category			
BPL	0.01	0.00	0.00
LT -I: Residential	4,778.68	398.22	379.22
LT II: Commercial	2,690.58	224.22	206.95
LT III(A): LT Industrial up to 20 kW TOD Option	190.52	15.88	27.35
LT III(B): LT Industrial above 20 kW	378.08	31.51	28.08
LT-V: LT- Advertisements and Hoardings	2.87	0.24	
LT VI: LT -Street Lights	48.70	4.06	_
LT-VII: LT -Temporary Supply	12.18	1.02	-
LT VIII: LT - Crematorium & Burial Grounds	1.61	0.13	-
LT IX: LT -Public Service (A)	39.92	3.33	2.39
LT IX: LT -Public Service (B)	248.53	20.71	11.48
LT X (A): LT - Agriculture Pumpsets	0.14	0.01	0.01
LT X (B): LT - Agriculture Others	0.48	0.04	0.03
LT IV: Public Water Works	12.77	1.06	_
LT IX: LT – EVCS	THE PERSONS	-	0.05
HT Category			
HT 1 (Industrial)	411.70	34.31	43.29
HT 2 (Commercial.)	249.75	20.81	29.33
HT 3 (Group Housing Soc.)	29.37	2.45	0.84
HT 4 (Temporary Supply)	30.13	2.51	-
HT – Railways	31.17	2.60	0.23
HT - Public Services (A)	5.96	0.50	0.52
HT - Public Services (B)	95.61	7.97	19.89
HT - Public Water Works	8.13	0.68	_
Total	9,266.90	772.24	749.65

^{*-} In Case of AEML-D, the sales is approved on annual basis. Monthly approved sales is derived based on approved annual sales for comparison purpose.

3.2 It can be observed from above Table 1 that actual sales during September 2022 is 749.65 MU which is 2.93% lower than approved energy sales of 772.24 MU per month for the FY 2022-23. The sale considered is after netting off the GCN credit for Open Access consumption. AEML-D has considered the energy sales for FAC purposes for September 2022 as follows:

- Energy sales data for HT consumers (AMR) & LT consumers (load above 20 kW) where meters are read remotely or where monthly reading are downloaded is considered for nth month (i.e., for September 2022).
- For cycle consumers (LT cycle billing), consumption data provided is for bill generation (bill posting date) from 1st September to 30th September. These energy sales will pertain to the period which will comprise on an average half of August and half of September.
- 3.3 The monthly and cumulative sales for major consumer categories are shown below in the Table 2 below:

Table 2: Monthly and Cumulative Sales for major Consumer Categories

Year\ Sales (MU)	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Others	Total (FY 2022-23)	Total (FY 2021-22)
Monthly Approved	400.67	245.03	81.69	44.85	772.24	754.08
Actual – April, 2022	423.12	263.43	80.55	29.16	796.26	697.44
Actual – May, 2022	465.58	272.12	99.69	27.87	865.26	702.61
Actual – June, 2022	464.27	275.16	97.60	60.71	897.75	662.55
Actual – July, 2022	393.62	249.31	66.05	44.07	753.04	656.52
Actual – August, 2022	369.12	237.29	86.19	41.34	733.94	634.94
Actual – September, 2022	380.06	236.28	98.72	34.60	749.65	668.39
Approved - Cumulative till September 2022	2,404.03	1,470.17	490.15	269.10	4,633.45	4,524.46
Actual - Cumulative till September 2022	2,495.77	1,533.59	528.79	237.75	4,795.91	4,022.45

4. Power Purchase Details

- 4.1 The following are the list of sources from which AEML-D procures power to meet its demand:
 - a) Purchase from Adani Dahanu Thermal Power Station (ADTPS)
 - b) Renewable energy procurement (RPS) including Solar and Non-solar
 - c) Bilateral Contracts and Imbalance pool

Apart from above, there are incidental purchases from Open Access and Rooftop.

- 4.2 The Commission in its MYT Order dated 30 March, 2020 in Case No. 325 of 2019 had approved the Power Purchase for FY 2022-23 from three major sources i.e. Adani Dahanu Thermal Power Station, Renewable sources and Short-term sources.
- 4.3 Summary of power purchase of AEML-D is as shown in Table 3 below:

Table 3: Summary of Power Purchase for September 2022

Sr.	Particular	Compliance
No.		



Sr. No.	Particular	Compliance					
	Purchase from Approved Sources	and Bilateral in the power purchase ex EPA with Reliance and hence the Co source for FY 202 with the Generato	e month of Sept accept for the RE the Innoventures mmission had r 2-23 in the MY r and extended t	Power sour was schedu not approve T Order. Ho the EPA und	TPS, Solar and Non-solar Sources 2, which are approved sources of the of Reliance Innoventures. The led to expire on 31 March, 2022 do any power purchase from this towever, AEML-D has negotiated der Clause No. 4.02 of the EPA are of Rs. 2.62/kWh.		
2	Merit Order Dispatch	Yes. AEML-D had scheduled power as per MoD.					
3	Fuel Utilization Plan		tage of indige	nous coal,	ng station of AEML-G and there hence there is no scope for		
4	DSM Pool	AEML-D has injected 0.07 MU into the imbalance pool as per DSM mechanism.					
5	Sale of Surplus Power	AEML has made bilateral sale of 75.65 MU of surplus power during the month of September 2022.					
6	Power Purchase		as compared to	the approve	ainst approved 858.11 MU. The ed sales for the month have led to		
7	Source wise Power Purchase	Source Name	Approved * (MU)	Actual (MU)	Proportion of each Source in Actual Purchase		
	-гр ргосция рамет	ADTPS	311.08	242.57	29.22%		
		RE Sources	269.14	249.63	30.07%		
	OTPS)	Other Generating Stations (AEL- MTPP) #	rand Thermal Substitute (RPS) Substitute peop	350.89	42.27%		
	Access and Rootlen.	Exchange	277.88	61.47	7.41%		
05.1	Vin Case NSC 305	Imbalance Pool & Other	min sala O I	-74.51	-8.98%		
	A si sovuos voim	Total	858.11	830.05	100.00%		
		*The power purch	ase quantum/co	st approved	d in MYT Order on yearly basis,		
			The state of the s		ed from comparison purpose.		
	e 3 below:	# The Commission	has, vide order	dated 29-0	08-2022 in Case No. 149 of 2022		
					urchase of 500 MW medium term		
	mber 2022	power for the perio	od 1-9-2022 to 1	4-10-2024.	The power flow has accordingly		
		commenced.					
8	Power Purchase under Section 62 of Electricity Act,	AEML-D is purchasing power from only one source i.e., ADTPS under Section 62 of EA, 2003. As part of verification of fixed cost claimed by AEML-D, the same has been					
) P 9	2003				se No. 325 of 2019.		

Sr. No.	Particular	Compliance
		As part of verification of energy charges claimed by AEML-D, verification of operational parameters, fuel cost, GCV etc. vis-à-vis the MYT Order is carried out.
9	RE Purchase	Monthly power purchase invoices are submitted by AEML-D. Power Purchase rates are verified from the PPA signed by AEML-D with each source of power. Monthly power purchase quantum and rate are verified from the invoices, and it is ensured that same has been considered in the FAC calculation.
10	Short Term Power Purchase	Short-term power purchase invoices of September 2022 are submitted by AEML-D. All the power purchase quantum and rate are verified from the invoices, and it is ensured that same has been considered in the FAC calculation.

4.4 AEML-D has purchased 830.05 MUs of power as against approved 858.11 MUs from the sources approved by the Commission. The sales of AEML-D in the month of September 2022 are lower than the approved sales, and this has led to lower power purchase as compared to the approved power purchase quantum.

5. Power Purchase Cost

- 5.1 The Commission has scrutinised the detailed bills/invoices submitted for power purchase during the month of September 2022, in order to verify the claim of AEML-D regarding Average Power Purchase Cost (APPC). The Commission has verified the actual as well as approved Net Purchase (MUs), Variable Cost (Rs./kWh) and Power Purchase Cost considered in FAC computation from the invoices and applicable MYT Order respectively.
- As submitted by AEML-D, the Power Purchase cost incurred in September 2022 is Rs. 505.46 Crore which is significantly higher than the approved Power Purchase cost of Rs. 343.44 Crore by the Commission for the month of September 2022. This is on account of the higher cost of power purchase from ADTPS, AEL-MTPP, other bilateral sources and the banking return cost incurred in September 2022. As against the submission of AEML-D, the approved and actual Quantum of power purchase (MU), Power Purchase Cost (Rs. Crore) and Average Power Purchase Cost (Rs./kWh) for the month of September 2022 is shown in Table 5 below:

Table 4: Approved and Actual APPC and Power Purchase Quantum & Cost

Particulars	Source	Power Purchas e Quantu m (MU)	Fixed Cost (Rs. Crore)	Fixed Cost (Rs./k Wh)	Variable Cost (Rs. Crore)	Variable Cost (Rs. /kWh)	Total Cost (Rs. Crore)	APPC (Rs. /kWh)
ADTPS	Approved	311.08	28.16	0.91	125.06	4.02	153.22	4.93
	Actual	242.57	31.78	1.31	133.39	5.50	165.17	6.81
Solar and	Approved	269.14	-	-	92.97	3.45	92.97	3.45



Particulars	Source	Power Purchas e Quantu m (MU)	Fixed Cost (Rs. Crore)	Fixed Cost (Rs./k Wh)	Variable Cost (Rs. Crore)	Variable Cost (Rs. /kWh)	Total Cost (Rs. Crore)	APPC (Rs. /kWh)
Non-Solar Purchase	Actual	249.63	dawę osz. Doukena	od staties of the base	85.10	3.41	85.10	.3.41
AEL-MTPP	Approved		NG (848) 144-1	-				-
	Actual	350.89	80.17	2.28	104.02	2.96	184.19	5.25
Bilateral	Approved	277.88	- (97.26	3.50	97.26	3.50
Purchase	Actual	66.98	-	_	46.26	6.91	46.26	6.91
Banking return (incl.	Approved							
Banking OA charges)	Actual	(5.51)**	nawog 3e	033 TED	ES EXERCI	og vad G	51.89	-
Pool/ DSM	Approved	-		-		900 () () () ()		
	Actual	(0.07)		actes be-	0.72		0.72	(101.14)
OA/RTS	Approved	-	- L					-
	Actual	1.21	- M	-	0.29	2.40	0.29	2.40
Sale of	Approved	- Log-	-	1 11-2			33.12	
Power	Actual	(75.65)	-	-	(26.23)	3.47	(26.23)	3.47
Other	Approved	-	- 1			98944994		
Charges	Actual	-	-	emir .	(2.30)		(2.30)	-
Total	Approved	858.11	28.16	0.33	315.28	3.67	343.44	4.00
7 Est issultant o	Actual	830.05	111.95	1.35	393.14	4.74	505.09	6.09

^{*-} In case of AEML-D, there is no monthly approval for purchases. The monthly approved power purchase is arrived based on annual approved power purchase for comparison purpose.

5.3 The Figure 1 below shows the variation in Approved & Actual Power Purchased Quantum and Approved & Actual APPC for all the power purchase sources of AEML-D





^{** 5.51} MUs pertains to power returned under banking arrangement which was procured through bilateral purchase.

1,000 8.00 6.91 6.81 858.11 900 830.05 7.00 800 Power Procurement (MU) 6.00 6.09 700 5.00 per kWh 600 500 4.00 3.50 3.41 400 3.00 311.08 269.14 277.88 300 249.63 242.57 2.00 200 1.00 66.98 100 Approved Actual Approved Actual Approved Actual Approved Actual **ADTPS** Solar and Non Solar Bilateral Purchase Total Purchase

Figure 1: Approved & Actual Power Purchase and APPC for September 2022

5.4 The Commission has noted that AEML-D has followed Merit Order Dispatch for scheduling of power. As solar and non-solar sources have must run status, they have been scheduled first and all the other sources are scheduled according to SLDC instructions.

Power Purchase Quantum (MU) ——APPC (Rs. /kWh)

ADTPS

- 5.5 AEML-D has a PPA with ADTPS (own generation). The Commission in Case No. 325 of 2019 has approved monthly energy quantum of 311.08 MU from ADTPS at the rate of Rs. 4.93/kWh. AEML-D has purchased 242.57 MU at the rate of Rs. 6.81/kWh for the month of September 2022. The Commission has worked out the rate for power purchase from AEML-G as Rs. 6.81/kWh for the month of September 2022.
- Fixed Cost: The Fixed cost approved for FY 2022-23 in Case No. 325 of 2019 (AEML-D) is Rs. 337.97 Crore whereas the Fixed cost approved for FY 2022-23 in Case No. 298 of 2019 (AEML-G) is Rs. 337.11 Crore. The actual payment of Fixed Cost for the month of September 2022 is to be done according to the entitlement under Case No. 298 of 2019 i.e., Rs. 337.11 Crore, as the payment is to be done according to Generator's Tariff Order.
- 5.7 The actual PLF of ADTPS in September 2022 was 74.62% as compared to approved PLF of 94.38%. ADTPS was available for generation during the month, the average Plant Availability Factor for the month (PAFM) for both Units of AEML-G was 100%. The actual



PAFM for both units of AEML-G in September 2022 was 100% during peak hours and 100% during off peak hours. The cumulative availability for June 2022, July 2022, August 2022, and September 2022 was 86.70% during peak hours and 85.93% during off peak hours. The capacity charge for peak hours works out to Rs. 6.40 Crore and the capacity charge for off peak hours works out to Rs. 25.38 Crore, totalling Rs. 31.78 Crore for the month of September 2022. The capacity charges recoverable in September 2022 is more than the monthly capacity charge approved in the MYT Order because of partial recovery of under recovered amount of fixed cost pertaining to July 2022 and August 2022 in the month of September 2022.

- 5.8 Due to lower generation as compared to approved generation, there is an increase of Rs. 0.40/kWh in the Fixed cost and accordingly the actual Fixed Cost per unit is Rs. 1.310/kWh as compared to the approved Fixed Cost of Rs. 0.91/kWh.
- 5.9 **Energy Charges:** AEML-G has considered the normative operational parameters such as PLF, Availability, Auxiliary Energy Consumption (without FGD), Additional Auxiliary Energy Consumption for FGD, Station Heat Rate and Secondary fuel Oil Consumption as approved by the Commission in Case No. 298 of 2019 for the month of September 2022.
- 5.10 AEML-D has submitted documents to verify the quantity of coal purchased and total cost including breakup of all the cost such as washing charges, Coal handling charges, transportation charges and liaising charges incurred for Domestic Coal and Imported Coal, as applicable, for the month of September 2022.
- 5.11 Washed Coal: AEML-D has submitted that AEML-G has received 20,212.65 MT of washed coal at the plant boundary of ADTPS and has not consumed any washed coal in September 2022. AEML-D has also submitted the breakup and supporting documents for "Other Charges" of Rs. 30,12,791/-.
- 5.12 The Commission has examined the invoices and the supporting excel working provided by AEML-D and has found it to be appropriate. The working of the washed coal fuel cost considered for September 2022 is as shown in the Table 6 below:

Table 5: Working of Washed Coal Rate for September 2022

Particular	Quantity (MT)	Cost (Rs. Crore)	Price (Rs./MT)
Inventory	Burn entrick		
Opening (as on 1st September)	77.04	0.34	43,587.89*
Addition during month	20,212.65	10.32	5,107.63
Other Charges	September 202	0.30	Marion all T
Total	20,289.69	10.96	5,402.23
Consumption	A PAPAG BY	more advisal trans	
Actual	-	-	-
Other Charges	THE RESERVE TO BE A PERSON OF THE PERSON OF	-	-
Total	ALECTRICITY A		

Particular	Quantity (MT)	Cost (Rs. Crore)	Price (Rs./MT)
*This number is higher as A	EML-D had consid	lered the quantum o	of coal of missing
wagon (77.00 MT) in August	2022 but had alread	y accounted the cost	towards the same
in its FAC submission for the	month of May 2022.		

- 5.13 The overall cost approved towards fuel expenses (Washed coal) is nil for the month of September 2022.
- 5.14 AEML-D has considered 3322 kCal/kg as the 'As billed' GCV for washed coal and 3301 kCal/kg as the 'As received' GCV for September 2022. No washed coal has been consumed during the month.
- 5.15 Raw Coal: AEML-D has submitted detailed computation and methodology for booking the coal consumption cost. AEML-D has calculated the total coal consumption cost on the basis of Weighted Average Price Method by adding the purchases during the month in the opening inventory stock. The closing inventory is then obtained by deducting the coal consumed from the total of opening inventory and purchases during the respective month. AEML-D has purchased 1,36,072.32 MT Raw Coal (at plant boundary) from SECL and has consumed 1,66,812.39 MT of raw coal in September 2022. As per weighment of coal at ADTPS, the raw coal received is 1,36,473.66 MT and the weighment of coal dispatched by SECL was 1,36,072.32 MT. The difference is reported as the transit loss of 401.34 MT which is 0.29% of the total raw coal dispatched during the month of September 2022.
- 5.16 The ITC on GST paid for Liaising charges, analysis charges, railway charges and coal purchase in August 2022 is Rs. (4,33,220)/- has been considered as an adjustment in under respective heads. Further ITC of Rs. (11,810)/- on SECL invoices for August 2022 has been considered under coal purchase head. Further, AEML-G has paid railway charges of Rs. 3,87,392/- for delay in unloading of raw coal in September 2022 (pertaining to the months of July 2022).
- 5.17 The total charges claimed by railways was INR 4,57,650/-. AEML-G had requested Railways to waive the charges, as the delay was due to near simultaneous arrival of rakes and due to large sized coal/ boulders received in rakes. Railways had waived off the charges partially to the extent of Rs. 27,360/. The balance charges of Rs. 4,51,810/- (Rs. 4,30,290/- plus 5% GST amount of Rs. 21,520/-) have been paid by AEML-G.
- 5.18 AEML-D has provided details of the instances wherein the demurrage charges were levied by the Railways. AEML-D further submitted that, as per the details provided, either there was near simultaneous arrival of several rakes or there were large sized coal/boulders received in rakes. AEML-G's contractors could not have arranged sufficient manpower for unloading coal within the timeline permitted by railways in the above cases. Usually AEML-G receives one railway rake per day, for which contractor is required to arrange sufficient manpower for unloading coal within timeline permitted by Railways. Further, the washed coal received are crushed to the required size and hence no delay occurs for unloading of rakes. However, in case of raw coal, AEML-G receives large sized coal/boulders in the rakes, which has led to



the delay in unloading of raw coal rakes. Because of the above, AEML-G had to incur the Railways charges. Based on the information shared by AEML-D, the Commission has considered the charges for inclusion in the FAC for the month.

5.19 The working of the raw coal fuel cost considered for September 2022 is as shown in the Table 6 below:

Table 6: Working of Raw Coal Rate for September 2022

Particular	Quantity (MT)	Cost (Rs. Crore)	Price (Rs./MT)
Inventory			
Opening (as on 1st September)	49,726.46	23.95	4,815.36
Addition during month	1,36,072.32	65.95	4,846.33
Total	1,85,798.78	89.89	4,838.04
Consumption			
Actual	1,66,812.39	80.70	4,838.04
Other Charges	SOUTH DE EL 1802 A	in lu ling ve	THE STATE OF THE S
Total	1,66,812.39	80.70	4,838.04

- 5.20 The overall cost approved towards raw coal expenses is Rs. 80.70 Crore for the month of September 2022.
- 5.21 With regards to the raw coal, the weighted average landed cost for the month of September 2022 is Rs. 4838.04 /MT. AEML-D has consumed 1,66,812.39 MT of raw coal during the month of September 2022.
- 5.22 AEML-D has submitted that in September 2022, AEML-G has purchased raw coal from SECL only. AEML-D has considered the 'As billed' GCV of raw coal as 3711 kCal/kg, while the 'As Received GCV' of same coal as per M/s IGI certificate (third party appointed by AEML-G for GCV measurement at receiving end) is 2877 kCal/kg for September 2022. AEML-D has disputed the GCV results as declared by CIMFR. As per clause 50.6 of MYT Regulations, 2019, actual loss in GCV of coal between "as billed by Supplier" and "as received at generating station" is allowed subject to maximum loss of 300 kcal/kg. The GCV loss calculated by AEML-D (difference between 'As Billed' GCV and 'As Received' GCV) for raw coal for the month of September 2022 is 836 kcal/kg. Hence, GCV loss is outside the limit of 300 kcal/kg and 'As received' GCV of 3413 kCal/kg for calculation is considered (i.e., maximum of the 'As received' GCV or 'As billed' GCV minus 300 kCal/kg).
- 5.23 AEML-D has been considering the "As received" GCV of the opening stock of the raw coal and the "As Received" GCV of the raw coal received during the month for working out the weighted average "As received" GCV of the coal for the month. The same was used to work out the stacking loss during the month. The Commission has also been approving the computation of GCV based on the same methodology. However, the Commission has adopted a different approach in the MTR Order for AEML-G in Case No. 220 of 2022.



- 5.24 The Commission in MTR Order in Case no. 229 of 2022 for AEML-G, has stated the following:
 - "4.10.17 Accordingly, the Commission has recalculated GCV (As Received Basis) on the coal procured during the month / year and the weighted average GCV so computed is considered for computation of stacking loss against the GCV (As Fired). The impact of opening / closing stock has not been considered while computing GCV (As Received Basis), the cyclical usage of the coal will nullify the impact in the going concern in future month / year."
- 5.25 Accordingly, for September 2022 the Commission has considered "As Received" GCV of the coal received during the month and has not considered the impact of Opening stock for computing the weighted average "As Received" GCV for a particular type of coal. Also, if a particular type of coal is not purchased in the month of reference (September 2022 in the present situation) but is consumed in that month from an older stock, then in such case "As Received" GCV of that coal purchased in the most recent month (August 2022 or earlier, as applicable, in the present case) would be considered. The Commission has adopted this approach while approving the FAC submissions for the month of August 2022 for AEML-D. Also, the Commission would be following same approach while approving FAC for AEML-D in ensuing months as well. AEML-G shall follow the above approach in accordance with the directions issued in MTR Order dated 31 March 2022 in Case No. 229 of 2022 while making the future FAC submission. Hence, the Commission has approved "As Received" GCV as 3322 kCal/kg for washed coal and 3413 kCal/Kg for raw coal. In case of imported coal, no coal was purchased during September 2022, however, the coal available from the stock was utilised. Accordingly, in case of imported coal, the "As received" GCV of 4133 kCal/kg has been considered based on the coal received in August 2022.. The "As fired" GCV of raw coal is 3068 kCal/kg. The same has been used to work out the stacking loss of 344.50 kCal/kg for raw coal
- 5.26 Imported Coal: AEML-G has not procured imported coal in the month of September 2022. However, it has consumed 26,749.41 MT of imported coal in September 2022. As stated in the FAC application for August 2022, AEML-G had procured imported coal from Pan Asia Treadlink Pte. Ltd (PAN) in August 2022. The cost for the same was booked in August 2022 considering the \$ to Rupee exchange rate considering the Bill of Lading (BoL) date. The foreign exchange loss incurred between booking of cost on BoL date and final payment amount is Rs. 1,66,32,607/-. AEML has considered the same in September 2022. Further, AEML has considered the recovery of penalty of Rs. (61,17,466)/- towards liquidated damages pertaining to two vessels received in March 2022 from stevedoring agency in September 2022. AEML-G has incurred an additional amount of Rs. 5,26,037/- towards handling charges for the imported coal procured in August 2022 and has considered the same in September 2022. AEML has considered the ITC on GST paid for stevedoring charges for March 2022 at Rs. (38,484)/- in the month of September 2022. Further, AEML has considered an amount of Rs. (920)/- in September 2022 towards short analysis by IGI in earlier months. Also, a debit note of Rs. 2,99,88,538/- has been received by AEML from coal



- supplier towards charges pertaining to 2 vessels received in March 2022, towards delay in unloading of vessel by the stevedore. The same has been booked in September 2022.
- 5.27 The Commission has examined the documents provided by AEML-D and has found them to be appropriate. The working of the imported coal fuel cost considered for September 2022 is as shown in the Table 7 below:

Table 7: Working of Imported Coal Rate for September 2022

Particular	Quantity (MT)	Cost (Rs. Crore)	Price (Rs./MT)
Inventory			
Opening (as on 1st September)	66,900.66	122.25	18,273.01
Addition during month	-	1.10	
Total	66,900.66	123.35	18,437.46
Consumption			
Actual	26,749.41	52.32	19,559.48
Other Charges	a di se ta se	soleniini -	
Total	26,749.41	52.32	19,559.48

- 5.28 The overall cost approved towards imported coal expenses is Rs. 52.32 Crore for the month of September 2022.
- 5.29 With regards to the imported coal, the weighted average landed cost for the month of September 2022 is Rs. 19,559.48 /MT which is on account of levy of various charges from previous months as mentioned above. AEML-D has consumed 26,749.41 MT of imported coal during the month of September 2022.
- 5.30 The transit loss claimed by AEML-D for the month of September 2022 is Nil, as there was no procurement of imported coal in the month.
- 5.31 LDO: AEML-D has not procured any LDO during September 2022 and it has consumed 15.58 KL of Light Diesel Oil in the month of September 2022.
- 5.32 The Commission has examined the documents provided by AEML-D and has found it to be appropriate. The working of the LDO fuel cost considered for September 2022 is as shown in the Table 8 below:

Table 8: Working of LDO Rate for September 2022

Particular	Quantity (KL)	Cost (Rs. Crore)	Price (Rs./KL)
Inventory			
Opening (as on 1st September)	267.51	1.76	65,817.85
Addition during month		-	_
Total	267.51	1.76	65,817.85
Consumption	77		

Particular	Quantity (KL)	Cost (Rs. Crore)	Price (Rs./KL)
Actual	15.58	0.10	65,817.85
Other Charges		- 1	-
Total	15.58	0.10	65,817.85

- 5.33 The overall cost approved towards LDO expenses for the month of September 2022 is Rs. 0.10 Crore. With regards to the LDO, the weighted average landed cost for the month of September 2022 is Rs. 65,817.85 /KL.
- 5.34 As per MYT Regulations, 2019 for calculation of Energy Charge Rate, the Commission has notified the maximum stacking loss allowed in Clause 50.7 as reproduced below:

"Any variation in Price and Gross Calorific Value of coal/lignite or gas or liquid fuel as billed by supplier less actual stacking loss subject to the maximum stacking loss of 85 kcal/kg or 120 kcal/kg, as the case may be, vis-a-vis approved values shall be adjusted on month to month basis on the basis of average Gross Calorific Value of coal/lignite or gas or liquid fuel in stock received and weighted average landed cost incurred by the Generating Company for procurement of coal/lignite, oil, or gas or liquid fuel, as the case may be for a power Station:"

- 5.35 In line with MYT Regulations, 2019 and MYT Order in Case No. 298 of 2019, the Commission has considered stacking loss of 120 kcal/kg (minimum of actual weighted average loss considering washed coal, raw coal and imported coal of 330 kcal/kg or 120 kcal/kg as per Regulation) for calculation of energy charge rate.
- 5.36 Considering the approved rates for Washed Coal, Imported Coal and LDO, the fuel cost, GCV and normative operational parameters, the revised energy charges work out to Rs. 5.499/kWh which is higher than the approved variable cost of Rs. 3.986/kWh as per the MYT Order for AEML-G (Case No. 298 of 2019).
- 5.37 **Incentive:** As per Regulation 46.3 of MYT Regulations, 2019, the target PLF for earning incentive is 85%. Since the cumulative PLF for low demand season till September 2022 is less than 85% (both in peak hours and off peak hours), AEML-G has not calculated any incentive for September 2022.
- 5.38 Variation in power purchase expenses from ADTPS on account of change in quantum and per unit rate is as shown in Table 9 below:

Table 9: Variation in Power Purchase expenses from ADTPS for September 2022

Source	Approved Quantum (MU)	Approved rate (Rs./kWh)	Actual quantum (MU)	Actual rate (Rs./kWh)	Variation due to quantum (Rs. Crore)	Variation due to rate (Rs. Crore)	Total variation (Rs. Crore)
ADTPS	311.08	4.93	242.57	6.81	(33.75)	45.70	11.95



- Based on the above, APPC for ADTPS works out to Rs. 6.81/kWh as against approved Rs. 4.93/kWh. There is an increase of Rs. 1.88/kWh in APPC for the month of September 2022. Fixed cost variation is contributing to increase of Rs. 0.40/kWh and variable cost variation is contributing to Rs. 1.48/kWh increase. The increase in variable cost is due to higher price of imported coal which was procured in previous months. In the past months, AEML-G had to resort to procurement of imported coal due to continued shortage of availability of domestic coal from SECL.
- 5.40 Solar Purchase: AEML-D has an Energy Purchase Agreement (EPA) with Dhursar Solar Power Private Limited (DSPPL). The Commission has approved power purchase at the rate of Rs. 10.30/kWh from DSPPL. AEML-D has purchased 4.48 Mus from DSPPL at the same rate of Rs. 10.30/kWh as approved in the MYT Order. The Commission has verified the bills/invoices submitted and found them to be correct.
- 5.41 Wind Solar Hybrid: AEML also has PPA with Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited for 700 MW. The Commission has approved 94.93% of renewable power purchase quantum (255.50 MU) at the rate of Rs. 3.24/kWh from wind solar hybrid for FY 2022-23. AEML-D has purchased 232.54 MU from wind solar hybrid source (project partially commissioned with pure solar capacity of 61.76 MW (Solar) and with Hybrid capacity of 627.96 MW) for month of September 2022.
- Non-Solar Purchase: AEML-D also has an EPA with five non-solar sources namely Reliance Innoventures, AAA Sons Enterprise, Vector Green Energy Private Limited, Tembhu Power Private Limited and Reliance Clean Power Private Limited. The Commission has approved power purchase from non-solar sources. The actual APPC and approved APPC from all the sources is as shown in the Table 10 below:

Table 10: Approved and Actual APPC from Non-Solar Sources

Source	Approved (Rs/kWh)	Actual (Rs./kWh)
Reliance Innoventures		2.62
AAA Sons Enterprise	5.00	-
Vector Green Energy Private Limited	5.07	5.07
Tembhu Power Private Limited	4.26	•
Reliance Clean Power Private Limited	5.81	5.81

- 5.43 No power has been procured from AAA Sons Enterprises in September 2022 as the PPA has expired in April 2022. The Commission in the MYT Order in Case No. 325 of 2019 had approved generation equivalent to 8 days in the FY 2022-23.
- 5.44 The Commission has approved power purchase rate for Vector Green Energy Limited, and Reliance Clean Power Private Limited in the MYT Order in Case No. 325 of 2019 and AEML-D has procured power from Vector Green Energy Limited, and Reliance Clean Power Private Limited sources at the same rate during September 2022. No power has been purchases from Tembhu Power Private Limited (small hydro plant affected due to flooding happened (Krishna river) in July 2021 and which was recommissioned on 31 May, 2022)

- 5.45 As regards the power purchase from Reliance Innoventures Ltd., the EPA between AEML-D and Reliance Innoventures Ltd. expired on 31 March 2022. However, AEML-D has negotiated with the Generator and extended the PPA for further period of 6 months at an agreed rate which has been linked with Competitive Day Ahead Market (DAM) of IEX subject to ceiling rate of Rs 2.62 per kWh. The tariff for procurement will therefore be monthly average RTC market clearing price of IEX or Rs. 2.62 per kWh, whichever is lower. Accordingly, September 2022 will be the last month of the extended period.
- 5.46 AEML-D has also purchased short term RE power (0.34 MU) based on IEX Day Ahead Market (DAM) tariff minus discount of Rs 0.04/kWh. AEML-D submitted that power procured through exchange linked contracts is at a rate lower than the rate discovered in IEX DAM tariff for corresponding time block. Through such contract, trading margin of Rs 0.02/kWh of IEX is also saved.
- 5.47 The Commission in the past has approved such purchase of RE power through exchange linked contracts. During the approval of FAC charges for January 2022, the Commission had observed that AEML-D had changed the tariff linkage of the exchange linked RE contracts from IEX GDAM to IEX DAM. AEML-D had not clarified the reason for the change in the contractual arrangement for procuring short term RE power through market linked contracts. However, the Commission had observed that the average rate of Short Term RE power procurement for the month of January 2022 is Rs. 4.27/kWh as against Rs. 4.34/kWh observed in December 2021. Further, from the data available on the IEX website, it has been observed that the rates in the G-DAM segment were higher than that observed in DAM for most of the period in the month of January 2022. This would be beneficial to the consumers and accordingly, the Commission had approved the procurement of short term RE power through market linked contracts. However, the Commission had directed that AEML-D should ensure that the changes in contract terms should not adversely impact the consumers. Considering that these rates are linked to the power markets, they will vary according to the market trends. As regards the comparison between the rates in the GDAM and DAM segments in the month of September 2022, it is observed that the average DAM rates were lower than GDAM on most of the days and higher on remaining days. The market in September 2022 was operating at relatively higher rates than previous months with the maximum weighted average market clearing prices reaching Rs. 8.65/kWh. Accordingly, the Commission approves the power purchase of short term RE (market linked contracts) for the month of September 2022. However, AEML-D needs to track the market movements and ensure that the terms of the contract are beneficial for the consumers.
- 5.48 Further, AEML-D has also procured short term RE power (0.34 MU) through IEX Green Day Ahead Market (GDAM) at an average rate of Rs. 5.10/kWh.
- 5.49 As the approval by the Commission is on yearly energy quantum, this variation is being accepted provided cumulative power procured for majority of the sources is within the approved energy quantum.



5.50 Variation in power purchase expenses from RE sources on account of change in quantum and per unit rate is as shown in Table 11 below:

Table 11: Variation in Power Purchase expenses from Renewable Energy Sources for September 2022

Source	Contract ed capacity (MW)	Approve d Quantu m (MU)	Approve d rate (Rs./ kWh)	Actual quantum (MU)	Actual rate (Rs./ kWh)	Variatio n due to quantu m (Rs. Crore)	Variatio n due to rate (Rs. Crore)	Total variatio n (Rs. Crore)
DSPPL (Soalr)	40	5.52	10.30	4.48	10.30	(1.07)	(0.00)	(1.07)
Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited – Wind Solar Hybrid (AHEJFL)	700	255.50	3.24	232.54	3.24	(7.44)	(0.00)	(7.44)
Non Solar								
Reliance Innoventure	45#		er wyn c	6.61	2.62	-	1.73	1.73
AAA Sons Enterprise	3.38@	0.01	5.00		_	(0.01)	a entre e	(0.01)
Vector Green Energy Pvt Ltd	6.00	0.88	5.07	0.72	5.07	(0.08)	0.00	(0.08)
Tembhu Power Pvt. Ltd.	4.50	0.99	4.26	io (koc-i	887-	(0.42)	- (ESS)	-
Reliance Clean Power Ltd.	45.00	6.25	5.81	4.94	5.81	(0.76)	(0.00)	(0.76)
Short Term RE				0.34	5.47	a 2417 -	0.19	0.19
Total RE Sources	843.88	269.14	3.45	249.63	3.41	(9.77)	1.92	(7.86)

The PPA with Reliance Innoventures expired on 31 March, 2022, however, AEML-D has negotiated with the Generator and extended the PPA initially upto 30 September 2022 and later upto 31 March, 2023 at an agreed rate of Rs. 2.62/kWh.

@ The PPA with AAA Sons Enterprises has expired in April 2022. The Commission in the MYT Order in Case No. 325 of 2019 had approved generation equivalent to 8 days in the FY 2022-23.

- 5.51 APPC for renewable sources for the month September 2022 works out to Rs. 3.41 /kWh as against approved level of Rs. 3.45/kWh. The decrease is on account of higher power purchase from wind solar hybrid source which at the rate of 3.24/kWh is one of the cheapest source approved the Commission and contributes around 94.93% of total quantum from RE sources. Purchase of cheaper power from Reliance Innoventures which was not part of the approved sources also leads to lower cost of power purchase. The purchase from short term RE sources is also at a rate higher than that approved for wind solar hybrid source, though AEML-D has procured only 0.34 MUs from IEX G-DAM.
- 5.52 Power from other generator (AEL- MTPP): AEML-D has submitted that the Commission has, vide order dated 29 August, 2022 in Case No. 149 of 2022 on the petition filed by AEML-D, approved purchase of 500 MW medium term power for the period 1 September, 2022 to 14 October, 2024. Power flow has commenced and accordingly the cost has been considered in the September month FAC by AEML-D.

5.53 **Bilateral Purchase:** AEML-D has undertaken bilateral purchase of power from power exchange (PXIL, IEX and HPX), through exchange price linked bilateral contracts and inter

Discom trade with BEST as per the guiding principles provided in MERC (Deviation Settlement Mechanism and related matters) Regulations, 2019. AEML-D has purchased 66.98 MU from these sources which is lower than the monthly approved quantum of 277.88 MU. The average rate of purchase is Rs. 6.91/kWh which is significantly higher than the approved rate of Rs. 3.50/kWh. This average rate of Rs. 6.91/kWh excludes the impact of cost incurred towards quantum of energy returned as Banking return. It is observed that the power prices in the short-term market are higher in the month of September 2022 as compared to the prices in the month of July 2022 and August 2022 which is also seen in the average price of power purchase from bilateral contracts seen in July 2022 (Rs. 5.59/kWh) and August 2022 (Rs. 5.81/kWh). However, the rate observed in September 2022 is lower as compared to the prices observed during April 2022, May 2022, and June 2022 which is also reflected in the average price of power purchase from bilateral contracts in April 2022 (Rs. 11.10 kWh), May 2022 (Rs. 9.24/kWh), June 2022 (Rs. 7.12/kWh). The trend of the average rates discovered on IEX (at regional periphery) are shown below for reference:

Table 12: Power Prices in short term market (Rs./kWh)

Month	Apr-22	May-22	June-22	July-22	Aug-22	Sept-22
RTC	9.55	5.88	6.56	4.73	4.98	4.82
Evening (17-23 Hrs)	10.56	7.39	8.15	6.72	7.20	7.10
Day (10-17 Hrs)	7.75	4.63	4.73	3.20	3.43	3.41
Night (0-6, 23-34 Hrs)	10.90	7.10	8.19	4.84	4.94	4.59
Morning (6-10 Hrs)	8.85	3.63	4.57	4.22	4.44	4.30

Due to limited long-term tie-up, AEML-D relies on the short-term purchase. AEML-D has purchased 66.98 MUs through bilateral purchase (PXIL, IEX, HPX, exchange linked contracts and Inter Discom Trade) which is 8.07% of its total power purchase for September 2022. The summary of the power procured from the various short-term sources is reproduced in the table below:

Table 13: Summary of power procured from short term sources

Sr. No.	Source	Net Purchase (MU)	Power Purchase Cost (Rs. Crore)	Average Power Purchase Cost (Rs./kWh)
		Bilateral S	ources	
1	IEX	18.24	11.52	6.31
2	PXIL	3.48	3.98	11.44
3	HPX	14.45	15.26	10.56
4	STPP (including inter discom purchase)	30.82	15.30	4.96
5	Other charges (viz, PXIL fee, SLDC charges, scheduling & rescheduling charges, Banking OA etc)	Ch.18	0.23	Bilateral 277 48
	TOTAL	66.98	46.28	6.91



- 5.55 AEML-D has submitted the bill/invoices regarding the purchase of power from exchange and the Commission has verified the energy quantum and power purchase cost and found it to be appropriate considering. AEML-D has also submitted the sample LOAs for day ahead exchange linked contract. Accordingly, the Commission approves the aforesaid bilateral purchase with APPC of Rs. 6.91/kWh.
- 5.56 AEML-D has to pay fees of Rs. 7,500 per month to MSLDC towards IEX standing clearance in advance, for next month. The said amount is as per the amount approved by the Commission in SLDC Order in Case No. 291 of 2019 and the same is considered as part of Bilateral purchase cost in FAC for September 2022 towards fees paid for October 2022. Further, in the month of September 2022, revised standing clearance was sought from SLDC, for which an amount of Rs.7,500 was paid to MSLDC. The same is also considered as part of power purchase cost. The Commission has noted the submissions.
- 5.57 AEML-D had made banking transaction for which power was availed in the months of February, March, and April 2022. This was approved by the Commission for consideration in the FAC approval. The power is to be returned from July 2022 onwards. For the month of September 2022 for the power returned, the banking return cost of Rs. 51.86 Crore has been considered without considering any impact on units purchased. The same is proposed to be considered as part of Bilateral purchase cost, in FAC for September 2022. Accordingly, the consolidated cost of power purchase from bilateral sources is Rs. 15.97/kWh.
- 5.58 As regards bilateral purchases, it is observed that AEML has been purchasing short term power on a regular basis from power exchange or exchange linked bilateral contracts. With 100% availability of hybrid contracted power likely to be available from October 2022, there will be higher availability of cheaper source power which may help bring down the cost of power procurement for AEML-D.
- 5.59 Variation in power purchase expenses from Bilateral on account of change in quantum and per unit rate is as shown in Table 14 below:

Table 14: Variation in Power Purchase expenses from Bilateral for September 2022

Source	Approved Quantum (MU)	Approved rate (Rs./kWh)	Actual quantum (MU)	Actual rate (Rs./kWh)	Variation due to quantum (Rs. Crore)	Variation due to rate (Rs. Crore)	Total variation (Rs. Crore)	
Bilateral Purchase	277.88	3.50	61.47	15.97	(75.74)	76.63	0.89	

- 5.60 **DSM Pool:** AEML-D has submitted that for the month of September 2022, it has injected 0.07 MU under the DSM mechanism and has incurred cost of Rs. (0.72) Crore.
- 5.61 Power Procurement from Open Access and Roof Top Solar Consumers: As per MERC (Distribution Open Access) (First Amendment) Regulations, 2019:

"20.5. The unutilised banked energy at the end of the month, limited to 10% of the actual total generation by such Renewable Energy generator in such month, shall be considered as deemed purchase by the Distribution Licensee at a rate equivalent to that stipulated under yearly Generic RE Tariff Order applicable for respective technology...

...Provided further that provision relating to Banking of the Principal Regulations shall continue to apply for existing Open Access Agreements or contracts as on date of notification of the first amendment of the Principal Regulations, till the expiry of the approved period for such OA transactions, beyond which provision relating to Banking under Regulation 20 of the first amendment of the Principal Regulations shall apply."

Further, as per MERC (Net Metering for Roof-top Solar Photo Voltaic Systems) Regulations, 2015:

- "10.3. The unadjusted net credited Units of electricity as at the end of each financial year shall be purchased by the Distribution Licensee at its Average Cost of Power Purchase as approved by the Commission for that year, within the first month of the following year:"
- 5.62 The surplus energy of RE Open Access consumers (Firm and Non-firm) purchased by AEML-D as per the aforementioned regulations is 1.21 MU at a cost of Rs. 0.29 Crore and is considered in the FAC for the month of September 2022. AEML-D has submitted the details of the power procured as a part of the submission which has been verified based on consumer wise detail provided by AEML-D.
- 5.63 Sale of Power: AEML has sold 75.65 MUs under bilateral sale and received Rs. 26.23 Crore for the month of September 2022.
- 5.64 Other Charges: AEML-D has considered rebate pertaining to payments made towards power purchase from contracted generators of Renewable energy, traders from short term power purchase, payment made for InSTS charges, SLDC charges etc. in the month of September 2022. The Commission has scrutinized the details and has approved Rs. 2.30 Crore as rebate to be considered as part of Power purchase cost for the month of September 2022. There is no standby previous year adjustment for the month of September 2022.
- 5.65 Summarised reasons for the rate variation for various sources are given in Table 15 below:

Table 15: Reasons for the rate variation for various sources for September 2022

Sr. No.	Source	Approved Rate (Rs./kWh)	Actual Rate (Rs. /kWh)	Reason for rate variation
1	ADTPS	4.93	6.81	 The fixed charges are higher by Rs. 0.40 /kWh due to lower generation as compared to the approved generation. The variable cost variation has increased by Rs. 1.48/kWh due to higher price of imported coal procured in previous. While no imported coal was procured during September 2022, the available coal



Sr.	Source	Approved Rate	Actual Rate	Reason for rate variation
No.		(Rs. /kWh)	(Rs./kWh)	
			heel-yeel	in the stock was utilised during the month.
2	RE Sources	3.45	3.41	 The main reason for cost decrease is the higher purchase of power from wind solar hybrid source which is the cheapest source approved by the Commission in the MYT Order and it contributes to around 94.93% of total approved renewable quantum. The rate of purchase is Rs. 3.41/kWh which is lower than the other sources except Reliance Innoventure (Rs. 2.62/kWh). Rest of the RE power is purchased at approved rate. Purchase of RE from short term sources like IEX GDAM at an average power purchase rate of Rs. 5.47/kWh which is higher than the hybrid power source. The EPA with Reliance Innoventure which expired on 31 March, 2022 was extended for a period of 6 months at a negotiated price linked with Competitive Day Ahead Market (DAM) of IEX subject to ceiling rate of Rs 2.62 /kWh. This has helped in slightly reducing the average rate of power purchase from RE sources in September 2022.
3	Power Exchange / Banking power	3.50	15.97	 Market discovered rate; Short term power purchase from Power Exchange (IEX, PXIL and HPX), through day ahead exchange linked bilateral contracts and inter discom trade is done at an average rate of Rs. 6.91/kWh. Additionally cost of power returned in September 2022 under the banking arrangement and the open access charges related to banking have been considered. This has led to a consolidated average rate of Rs. 15.97/kWh for power purchased through bilateral sources.
	Total	4.00	6.09	Variation due to above reasons

5.66 Considering the above, the Commission allows the actual average power purchase cost of Rs. 6.09/kWh for the month of September 2022 as shown in Table 15 above as compared to approved average power purchase cost of Rs. 4.00/kWh.



6. FAC on account of fuel and power purchase cost (F)

- 6.1 The Commission has worked out the average power purchase costs for the month of September 2022 as shown in Table 15 above. The same has been compared with the average power purchase cost approved by the Commission in MYT Order dated 30 March, 2020 to arrive at the differential per unit rate at which Z_{FAC} is to be passed on to the consumers.
- 6.2 It is noted that AEML-D has incurred the per unit Power Purchase cost higher than the Approved per unit Power Purchase Cost hence the Z_{FAC} worked out by the Commission on account of difference in power purchase cost for the month of September 2022 is positive as shown in the Table 16 below.

Table 16: FAC on account of Power Purchase Cost

Sr. No.	Particulars	Units	September 2022
1	Average power purchase cost approved by the Commission	Rs./ kWh	4.00
2	Actual average power purchase cost	Rs. /kWh	6.09
3	Change in average power purchase cost (= 2-1)	Rs./ kWh	2.08
4	Net Power Purchase	MU	830.05
5	Change in power purchase cost (=3 x 4/10)	Rs. Crore	172.88

7. Adjustment for over recovery/under recovery (B)

- 7.1 The adjustment for over recovery/under recovery has to be done for the (n-4) month as per provisions of MYT Regulations, 2019.
- 7.2 The Commission has, vide Order dated 01 July, 2022, approved the cumulative positive FAC accrued with AEML-D, upto the month of April 2022 and spread the same for recovery over July 2022 to November 2022. AEML-D submitted that it has recovered FAC of Rs. 71.32 Crore, Rs. 71.76 Crore, and Rs. 71.18 Crore in the months of July 2022, August 2022, and September 2022 respectively. However, the adjustments for over/ under recovery will be computed once the recovery for the five-month billing period is completed and the actual recovery is ascertained.
- 7.3 In this context, the Commission notes that in accordance with the MYT Regulations, 2019, the approved FAC has to be allowed to be recovered as an adjustment in its Tariff on a monthly basis. Further, deferred recovery of the shortfall in FAC amount has financial implications on the consumers in terms of the additional carrying cost. The other distribution licensees have considered the adjustment towards under recovery and over recovery on monthly basis as per MYT Regulations, 2019 which has been accepted by the Commission. Hence, the Commission does not consider it appropriate to accept the stand taken by AEML-D. However, it is also a fact that the provisional truing up for FY 2022-23 has already been undertaken by the Commission in the MTR proceedings and hence the revised power purchase cost resulting in FAC is already adjusted in the said MTR Order. Under these circumstances, any adjustment in relation to under recovery / over recovery of FAC amount





for the previous months will not have any impact on FAC which is any way adjusted in the MTR Order. Accordingly, the Commission has not considered any adjustment towards over recovery /under recovery towards FAC approved in previous months.

8. Carrying Cost for over recovery/under recovery (C)

8.1 As there is no adjustment for over recovery/under recovery as mentioned in para, 7.1 above, there is no carrying cost on account of such adjustment.

9. Disallowance due to excess Distribution Loss

9.1 Regulation 10.8 of MYT Regulations, 2019 provides for FAC amount to be reduced in case the actual distribution loss for the month exceeds the approved distribution loss. The relevant extract is reproduced as follows.

"10.8 The total Z_{FAC} recoverable as per the formula specified above shall be recovered from the actual sales in terms of "Rupees per kilowatt-hour":

Provided that, in case of unmetered consumers, the Z_{FAC} shall be recoverable based on estimated sales to such consumers, computed in accordance with such methodology as may be stipulated by the Commission:

Provided further that, where the actual annual sliding distribution losses of the Distribution Licensee exceed the level approved by the Commission, the amount of Z_{FAC} corresponding to the excess distribution losses (in kWh terms) shall be deducted from the total Z_{FAC} recoverable"

9.2 The following Table 17 provides the comparison of approved and actual distribution loss and disallowance due to excess distribution loss, if any:

Table 17: Disallowance of FAC due to excess Distribution Loss

Sr. No.	Particulars	Units	Approved in Tariff Order	Actual for Septemb er 2022	Cumulative up to September 2022	Annual Sliding Distribution Loss up to September 2022
1	Net Energy input at Distribution Voltages	MU	830.82	798.35	5,106.25	9,330.91
2	Energy sales at Distribution voltages	MU	772.24	749.65	4,795.91	8,735.78
3	Distribution Loss (1 - 2)	MU	58.58	48.70	310.34	595.13
4	Distribution Loss as % (3/1)	%	7.05%	6.10%	6.08%	6.38%
5	Excess Distribution Loss = [Annual Sliding Distribution Loss (4) - Distribution loss approved] x Net Energy Input (1)	S ^{MU}	Still ELECTRIC	ITY REGULA	-	-

Sr. No.	Particulars	Units	Approved in Tariff Order	Actual for Septemb er 2022	Cumulative up to September 2022	Annual Sliding Distribution Loss up to September 2022
6	Disallowance of FAC due to excess Distribution Loss	Rs. Crore				

- 9.3 As seen from the above Table 17, distribution loss for the month of September 2022 is 6.10% which is lower than the MYT approved distribution loss of 7.05%. However, the cumulative distribution loss up-to September 2022 is 6.08% which is lower than the distribution losses approved in the MYT Order. AEML-D submitted that the distribution losses are being reported considering the difference between the input and sales attributable to AEML-D's own consumers. Further, the sales being reported for LT cycle billing is as per bill posting date, whereas the input will be pertaining to the concerned month itself and thus there will be variation in losses on account of the differing period of purchase and sales.
- 9.4 Further, the Annual Sliding Distribution Loss up to September 2022 is 6.38% which is lower than the approved distribution loss of 7.05% as approved in MYT Order.
- 9.5 As part of the analysis, monthly as well as cumulative distribution losses trend is also examined with reference to approved by the Commission and similar period of last financial year as shown in Table 18 below:

Table 18: Monthly and Cumulative Distribution Loss trend of AEML-D

Period	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22	
Approved	7.05%	7.30%	
Actual – April	12.47%	7.46%	
Actual – May	11.48%	7.93%	
Actual – June	-4.83%	1.48%	
Actual - July	2.70%	9.45%	
Actual – August	7.14%	10.88%	
Actual – September	6.10%	5.53%	
Actual - Cumulative till September	6.08%	7.20%	

9.6 As seen from the above Table 17, disallowance of FAC due to excess distribution loss for the month of September 2022 is nil, though the standalone FAC for the month of September 2022 is positive, the annual sliding distribution loss is lower than approved distribution loss by the Commission.

10. Summary of Allowable ZFAC

10.1 The summary of the FAC amount as approved by the Commission for the month of September 2022 as shown in the Table 19 below.



Table 19: Summary of Allowable ZFAC for September 2022

Sr. No.	Particulars	Units	As Claimed September 2022	As Approved September 2022
1	Calculation of Z _{FAC}			
1.1	Change in cost of generation and power purchase attributable to Sales within the License Area (F)	Rs. Crore	173.21	172.88
1.2	Carrying cost for over-recovery/under-recovery (C)	Rs. Crore	Form in the line	76
1.3	Adjustment factor for over-recovery/under-recovery (B)	Rs. Crore	T assumenso n	ma -
1.4	$Z_{FAC} = F + C + B$	Rs. Crore	173.21	172.88
2	Calculation of FAC Charge	-		
2.1	Energy Sales within the License Area	MU	749.65	749.65
2.2	Excess Distribution Loss	MU	barkesabad -	Ar
2.3	Z _{FAC} per kWh	Rs./kWh	2.31	2.31
3	Recovery of FAC	man elega	in all of the	
3.1	FAC disallowed corresponding to excess Distribution Loss [(2.2 x 2.3)/10]	Rs. Crore	and deliver be ended Their envestment	
3.2	Allowable FAC	Rs. Crore	173.21	172.88
4	Utilization of FAC Fund		1.701 (50.9)	
4.1	Opening Balance of FAC Fund	Rs. Crore	153.15	-
4.2	Carrying Cost on FAC	Rs. Crore	1.17	
4.3	Z _{FAC} for the month (Sr. No. 3.2)	Rs. Crore	173.21	172.88
4.4	Cumulative refund of FAC upto April, 2021	Rs. Crore	pri – bentak i 🕒	-
4.5	Holding Cost on Cumulative refund of FAC	Rs. Crore		-
4.6	Closing Balance of FAC Fund	Rs. Crore	327.54	-
4.7	Z _{FAC} leviable/refundable to consumer	Rs. Crore		
5	Total FAC based on category wise and slab wise allowed to be recovered in future billing months	Rs. Crore		-
6	Carried forward FAC for recovery during future period (4.7-5)	Rs. Crore		

The Commission notes that AEML-D has considered the opening FAC Fund and added the standalone monthly FAC amount to the said fund to arrive at the closing fund. The Commission in its FAC approval for July 2022 has allowed FAC recovery at ceiling rate up to March 2023 and held that any unrecovered FAC at the end of March 23 will get subsumed in the provisional true-up of FY 2022-23 and any gap arising thereof will be allowed to be recovered in tariff of FY 2023-24. The Commission, thereafter, has issued MTR Order on 31 March, 2023 and approved the revised power purchase cost in the Provisional Truing-up of FY 2022-23 and accordingly determined tariff for FY 2023-24 and FY 2024-25. Thus, the Commission is approving the monthly FAC for standalone month along with any under recovery / over recovery as per provisions of MYT Regulations, 2019 and has not considered any adjustment towards FAC fund as the said amount is subsumed and already adjusted in provisional truing-up of FY 2022-23.

11. Recovery from Consumers:

11.1 Regulation 10.9 of MERC MYT Regulations, 2019 provides for methodology of recovery of FAC charge from each category of consumers. The relevant extract is reproduced as below.

"10.9 The ZFAC per kWh for a particular Tariff category/sub-category/consumption slab shall be computed as per the following formula:—

 $Z_{FAC\ Cat}\ (Rs/kWh) = [Z_{FAC}\ /\ (Metered\ sales\ +\ Unmetered\ consumption\ estimates\ +\ Excess\ distribution\ losses)]\ *\ k\ *\ 10,$

Where:

 $Z_{FAC\ Cat} = Z_{FAC\ component\ for\ a\ particular\ Tariff\ category/sub-category/consumption\ slab\ in\ 'Rupees\ per\ kWh'\ terms;$

k = Average Billing Rate / ACOS;

Average Billing Rate = Average Billing Rate for a particular Tariff category/subcategory/consumption slab under consideration in 'Rupees per kWh' as approved by the Commission in the Tariff Order:

Provided that the Average Billing Rate for the unmetered consumers shall be based on the estimated sales to such consumers, computed in accordance with such methodology as may be stipulated by the Commission:

 $ACOS = Average\ Cost\ of\ Supply\ in\ 'Rupees\ per\ kWh'$ as approved for recovery by the Commission in the Tariff Order:

Provided that the monthly Z_{FAC} shall not exceed 20% of the variable component of Tariff or such other ceiling as may be stipulated by the Commission from time to time:

Provided further that any under-recovery in the Z_{FAC} on account of such ceiling shall be carried forward and shall be recovered by the Distribution Licensee over such future period as may be directed by the Commission..."

- 11.2 Accordingly, the Commission allows the FAC amount of Rs. 172.88 Crore for the month of September, 2022. As FY 2022-23 is already over and Provisional Truing-up of FY 2022-23 has also been done by the Commission in the recent MTR Order dated 31 March, 2023, the revised power purchase cost resulting in FAC is already adjusted in the said MTR Order.
- 11.3 In a view of above, the per unit Z_{FAC} for the month of September, 2022 to be levied on consumers is Nil.



Recordly from Consugers.

1.1 Regulation 10.9 of MERC MYT Regulations, 2019 provides for methodology of recovery of LAC charge from each emergers of communities. The relevant estimat is reproduced as below.

*10.8 The ZSAC per kNn for a particular Tariff categorycoulo-categoryconsumption slob shoff in conquant as per che following formula:

Less on (RADING) = [Ens. / (Material sales + Univalend consumption estimates + Extend describution france) * 1 * 10.

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A - Abersage Billing Kone / ACOS;

sources builting Rate - Average Billing Rate for a particular Lariff category subcategory consumption slab away consideration in Rupees per kiffs as approved by the Commission in the Text Contest.

Provided that the Asprage Billing Ringfor the unnevered consumers shall be haven on the entirement soles to such consumers, companed in accordance with such methodology as now be adjusted by the Countscient.

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Provided that the namely Zeet phological pieceed 2035 of the variable component of Zeneff of such other colling on may be supplieded by the Commission from time to time:

Franched furture that any under-prometry in the Zew on account of such citiling signli he contrast function from the formal function franch function on the directed by the Conjugation ..."

Accordingly, the Commission allows the EAC amount of Rs. 172.88 Crorp for the month of September, 1922. As FY 2022-23 is already over and Provisional Traing-up of FY 2022-23 has also been done by the Commission in the recent MTE Order dated 31 Wintell, 2023, the revised power purchase cust resulting in FAC is already adjusted in the entit MTE Order.

in a view of above, the per unit Zear for the month of September, 2022 to be levied on consumers is lift.

