

Maharashtra Electricity Regulatory Commission

Date: | 7November, 2022

To.

The Chief Executive Officer, Adani Electricity Mumbai Limited, Devidas Lane, Off SVP Road, Near Devidas Telephone Exchange Borivali (W), Mumbai – 400 092

kef. No. MERC/FAC/2022-23/570

Subject:

Prior approval of Fuel Adjustment Charges (FAC) submissions of AEML-D for

the month of June 2022.

Reference:

- 1. Commission's letter regarding levy of FAC on consumers dated 5 April, 2022.
- AEML-D FAC submission for the month of June 2022 vide email dated 5 August, 2022.
- 3. The data gaps were communicated vide emails dated 10 August, 2022.
- 4. AEML-D replied vide email dated 8 September, 2022.

Sir,

Upon vetting the FAC calculations for the month of June, 2022 as mentioned in the above reference, the Commission has accorded approval for charging FAC amount of Rs. 173.10 Crore. However, the said amount will be carried forward and accumulated for the three-month period i.e. up to the month of July 2022 as per letter dated 5, April, 2022 issued by the Commission. Accordingly, the FAC chargeable to consumers is as shown in the table below:

Month	FAC Amount (Rs. Crore)		
June, 2022	0		

The Commission allows accumulation of the FAC amount of **Rs. 456.11 Crore** which shall be carried forward along with the applicable carrying cost and allowed for recovery along with the FAC amount for the month of July 2022. Further, as directed in the Order in Case No. 325 of 2019, in order to maintain transparency in the management and use of FAC Fund, AEML-D shall maintain monthly account of such FAC fund and upload it on its website for information of stakeholders.

AEML-D is directed to file their future FAC submissions taking into consideration data gaps raised in previous months to ensure timely prior approval.

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Yours faithfully,

(Práfulla Varhade) Director (EE), MERC

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ANNEXURE

Detailed Vetting Report Date: November, 2022

PRIOR APPROVAL FOR FAC CHARGES FOR THE MONTH OF JUNE 2022

Subject: Prior approval of Fuel Adjustment Charges (FAC) submissions of AEML-D for the month June 2022.

Reference: 1. Commission's guideline regarding levy of FAC on quarterly basis issued on 5 April, 2022.

- 2. AEML-D FAC submission for the month of June 2022 vide email dated 5 August, 2022.
- 3. The data gaps were communicated vide emails dated 10 August, 2022.
- 4. AEML-D replied vide email dated 8 September, 2022.

1. FAC submission by AEML-D:

- 1.1 AEML-D has made FAC submissions for the month of June 2022 as referred above. Upon vetting the FAC calculations, taking cognizance of all the submissions furnished by AEML-D, the Commission has accorded prior approval to AEML-D for the FAC amount of Rs. 173.10 Crore for the month of June 2022 and accumulated FAC amount of Rs. 456.11 Crore till June 2022.
- 1.2 The FAC leviable for the month of June 2022 is positive, the same is allowed to be carried forward and accumulated for the three-month period i.e. up to the month of July 2022 as per letter dated 5 April, 2022 issued by the commission.

2. Background

- On 30 March, 2020 the Commission has issued Tariff Order in respect of AEML-D (Case No. 325 of 2019) for approval of Aggregate Revenue Requirement and Multi Year Tariff for FY 2020-21 to FY 2024-25. Revised Tariff has been made applicable from 1 April, 2020.
- 2.2 Vide its letter dated 20 April, 2020, the Commission communicated the excel formats for filing of FAC submissions to all Distribution Licensees including SEZs. The Commission also directed all Distribution Licensees to submit FAC computations, including details pertaining to variation in fuel cost of generators for the approval of the Commission. On 19 May, 2021, the Commission has also issued guidelines for considering consumer sales in FAC computation from April, 2021 onwards based on uniform methodology.
- 2.3 As per Prior Approval of FAC Guidelines dated 20 April, 2020, the Commission directed Distribution Licensee to seek prior approval for monthly FAC computations.



Accordingly, vide its email dated 13 July, 2022, AEML-D has filed FAC submissions for the month of June 2022 for prior approval of the Commission. The Commission has scrutinized the submissions provided by AEML-D and has also verified the power purchase bills and other fuel related invoices provided along with its submissions.

3. Energy Sales of the Licensee

3.1 The net energy sales within licence area as submitted by AEML-D in the FAC submission and as approved by the Commission are as shown in the Table 1 below:

Table 1: Energy Sales - Approved and Actual

Consumer Category	Approved by the Commission (MU)	Monthly Approved (MU)	Actual Sales (June 2022) (MU)
	(I)	(II=I/12)	(III)
LT Category			
BPL .	0.01	0.00	0.00
LT -I: Residential	4,778.68	398.22	463.16
LT II: Commercial	2,690.58	224.22	233.05
LT III(A): LT Industrial up to 20 kW TOD Option	190.52	15.88	25.70
LT III(B): LT Industrial above 20 kW	378.08	31.51	35.43
LT-V: LT- Advertisements and Hoardings	2.87	0.24	=
LT VI: LT -Street Lights	48.70	4.06	-
LT-VII: LT -Temporary Supply	12.18	1.02	-
LT VIII: LT - Crematorium & Burial Grounds	1.61	0.13	-
LT IX: LT -Public Service (A)	39.92	3.33	2.60
LT IX: LT -Public Service (B)	248.53	20.71	15.82
LT X (A): LT - Agriculture Pumpsets	0.14	0.01	0.01
LT X (B): LT - Agriculture Others	0.48	0.04	0.03
LT IV: Public Water Works	12.77	1.06	=
LT IX: LT – EVCS	-	_	0.04
HT Category			
HT 1 (Industrial)	411.70	34.31	36.48
HT 2 (Commercial.)	249.75	20.81	42.11
HT 3 (Group Housing Soc.)	29.37	2.45	1.12
HT 4 (Temporary Supply)	30.13	2.51	-
HT – Railways	31.17	2.60	2.36
HT - Public Services (A)	5.96	0.50	0.58
HT - Public Services (B)	95.61	7.97	39.27
HT - Public Water Works	8.13	0.68	-
Total	9,266.90	772.24	897.75

^{*-} In Case of AEML-D, the sales is approved on annual basis. Monthly approved sales is derived based on approved annual sales for comparison purpose.

- 3.2 It can be observed from above Table 1 that actual sales during June 2022 is 897.75 MU which is 16.25% higher than approved energy sales of 772.24 MU per month for the FY 2022-23. AEML-D has considered the energy sales for FAC purposes for June 2022 as follows:
 - Energy sales data for HT consumers (AMR) & LT consumers (load above 20 kW) where meters are read remotely or where monthly reading are downloaded is considered for nth month (i.e., for June 2022).
 - For cycle consumers (LT cycle billing), consumption data provided is for meter reading from 1 June to 30 June, 2022. These energy sales will pertain to the period which will comprise on an average half of May and half of June.
- 3.3 The monthly and cumulative sales for major consumer categories are shown below in the Table 2 below:

Year\ Sales (MU) Residential Commercial Industrial Others Total (FY Total (FY 2022-23) 2021-22) Monthly Approved 400.67 245.03 81.69 44.85 772.24 754.08 Actual - April 2022 423.12 263.43 80.55 29.16 796.26 697.44 Actual - May 2022 465.58 272.12 99.69 27.87 865.26 702.61 Actual - June, 2022 464.27 275.16 97.60 60.71 897.75 662.55 Approved - Cumulative 1,202.01 735.08 245.08 134.55 2,316.72 2,262.23 till June 2022 Actual - Cumulative till 1,352.97 810.71 277.84 117.74 2,559.27 2,062.61 June 2022

Table 2: Monthly and Cumulative Sales for major Consumer Categories

4. Power Purchase Details

- 4.1 The following are the list of sources from which AEML-D procures power to meet its demand:
 - a) Purchase from Adani Dahanu Thermal Power Station (ADTPS)
 - b) Renewable energy procurement (RPS) including Solar and Non-solar
 - c) Bilateral Contracts and Imbalance pool
 Apart from above, there are incidental purchases from Open Access and Rooftop.
- 4.2 The Commission in its MYT Order dated 30 March, 2020 in Case No. 325 of 2019 had approved the Power Purchase for FY 2022-23 from three major sources i.e. Adani Dahanu Thermal Power Station, Renewable sources and Short-term sources.
- 4.3 Summary of power purchase of AEML-D is as shown in Table 3 below:



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Table 3: Summary of Power Purchase for June 2022

Sr. No.	Particular	Compliance						
1	Purchase from Approved Sources	Sources and Bilater sources of power p Innoventures. The expire on 31 March any power purchase However, AEML-D	ral in the monurchase except EPA with Rel at 2022 and her from this sour by has negotiated No. 4.02 of the	for the RE Poviance Innoventuce the Commisce for FY 2022-	S, Solar and Non-solar 2, which are approved wer source of Reliance ares was scheduled to a sion had not approved 23 in the MYT Order. The rate of and extended the period of 6 months at			
2	Merit Order Dispatch	Yes. AEML-D had scheduled power as per MoD.						
3	Fuel Utilization Plan	there is shortage	Yes. Since there is only one thermal generating station of AEML-G and there is shortage of indigenous coal, hence there is no scope for improvement in optimal fuel utilization.					
4	DSM Pool	AEML-D has drawn 1.29 MU from the imbalance pool as per DSM mechanism.						
5	Sale of Surplus Power	AEML has sold 3.28 MU of surplus power during the month of June 2022.						
6	Power Purchase	Actual Power Purchase is 864.22 MU as against approved 858.11 MU The higher actual sales as compared to the approved sales for the month have led to higher power purchase during the month.						
7	Source wise Power Purchase	Source Name	Approved (MU)	Actual (MU)	Proportion of each Source in Actual Purchase			
		ADTPS	311.08	280.24	32.43%			
		RE Sources	269.14	176.04	20.37%			
		Exchange & banking transaction	277.88	409.15	47.34%			
		Imbalance Pool & Other	-	-1.20	-0.14%			
		Total	858.11	864.22	100.00%			
8	Power Purchase under Section 62 of Electricity Act, 2003	*The power purchase quantum/cost approved in MYT Order on yearly basis, however monthly approved numbers are derived from comparison purpose. Purchase AEML-D is purchasing power from only one source i.e. ADTPS under on 62 of EA, 2003.						
			cation of ener		aimed by AEML-D, GCV etc. vis-à-vis the			



Sr. No.	Particular	Compliance
		MYT Order is carried out.
9	RE Purchase	Monthly power purchase invoices are submitted by AEML-D. Power Purchase rates are verified from the PPA signed by AEML-D with each source of power. Monthly power purchase quantum and rate are verified from the invoices, and it is ensured that same has been considered in the FAC calculation.
10	Short Term Power Purchase	Short-term power purchase invoices of June 2022 are submitted by AEML-D. All the power purchase quantum and rate are verified from the invoices, and it is ensured that same has been considered in the FAC calculation.

- 4.4 **AEML-D** has purchased 864.22 MUs of power as against approved 858.11 MUs from the sources approved by the Commission. The sales of AEML-D in the month of June 2022 are higher than the approved sales, and this has led to higher power purchase as compared to the approved power purchase quantum.
- 4.5 Power Procurement from ADTPS: AEML-D has a PPA with ADTPS (own generation). The Commission in Case No. 325 of 2019 has approved monthly energy quantum of 311.08 MU. AEML-D has purchased 280.24 MU for the month of June 2022.
- Agreement (EPA) with Dhursar Solar and Non-Solar: AEML-D has an Energy Purchase Agreement (EPA) with Dhursar Solar Power Private Limited (DSPPL). AEML also has PPA with Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited for 700 MW. AEML-D also has an EPA with five non-solar sources namely Reliance Innoventures, AAA Sons Enterprise, Vector Green Energy Private Limited, Tembhu Power Private Limited and Reliance Clean Power Private Limited. The EPA with Reliance Innoventures expired on 31 March, 2022, however, AEML-D has negotiated with the Generator and extended the PPA for further period of 6 months at an agreed rate of Rs. 2.62/kWh. No power has been procured from AAA Sons Enterprises in June 2022 as the PPA has expired in April 2022. AEML-D has also purchased 1.74 MU short term RE power through IEX Green Day Ahead Market (GDAM). The Actual energy quantum purchased and approved by the Commission in Case No. 325 of 2019 is as shown in the Table 4 below:

Table 4: Approved and Actual Energy Quantum from Solar and Non-Solar Sources

Source	Contracted Capacity (MW)	Approved (MU)	Actual (MU)
Solar			
DSPPL - Solar	40.00	5.52	4.21
Adani Hybrid Energy Jaisalmer Four Limited – Wind Solar Hybrid (AHEJFL)	700.00	255.50	154.35
Non-Solar			
Reliance Innoventures	45.00#	-	7.06
AAA Sons Enterprise	3.38	0.01@	-



Source	Contracted Capacity (MW)	Approved (MU)	Actual (MU)
Vector Green Energy Private Limited	-	-	-
Vector Green Energy Private Limited (April 2009)	6.00	0.88	1.40
Tembhu Power Private Limited	4.50	0.99	0.37
Reliance Clean Power Limited	45.00	6.25	6.91
GDAM	12	- 1	1.74
Total	843.88	269.14	176.04

[#] The PPA with Reliance Innoventure expired on 31 March, 2022, however, AEML-D has negotiated and extended the PPA for a period of six months at a rate of Rs. 2.62/kWh.

- 4.7 AEML-D has procured 1.30 MU lower than the approved from DSPPL, 101.15 MU lower than approved from AHEJFL from wind solar hybrid (project partially commissioned with pure solar capacity of 352 MW (Solar) and with Hybrid capacity of 289.21 MW, which provided 154.35 MU for June 2022), 0.52 MU higher than the approved from Vector Green Energy Private Limited, 0.61 MU lower than the approved from Tembhu Power Private Limited (small hydro plant affected due to flooding happened (Krishna river) in July 2021 and which was recommissioned on 31 May, 2022) and 0.66 MU higher than approved from Reliance Clean Power Private Limited. The EPA with Reliance Innoventures was scheduled to expire on 31 March, 2022 and hence the Commission had not approved any power purchase from this source for FY 2022-23 in the MYT Order. However, pursuant to the extension of the PPA for a period of 6 months, AEML-D has procured 7.06 Mus from Reliance Innoventures in June 2022. Further, as the approval by the Commission is on yearly energy quantum, this variation is being accepted provided cumulative power procured for majority of the sources is within the approved energy quantum. Also, AEML-D has purchased 1.74 MU short term RE power through IEX Green Day Ahead Market (GDAM).
- 4.8 Power Procurement from Exchange: AEML-D has purchased power from power exchange (both IEX and PXIL) and exchange linked day ahead contracts on day ahead basis. AEML-D has purchased 409.15 MU from these sources which is higher than the monthly approved quantum of 277.88 MU. This purchase excludes the quantum of power procured under banking arrangement which is also part of the bilateral sources of purchase. No power has been purchased by AEML-D under the banking arrangement in the month of June 2022.
- 4.9 **Power Procurement from DSM Pool:** AEML-D has submitted that it has drawn 1.05 MU power from the imbalance pool under the DSM mechanism for the month of June 2022. However, on scrutiny of the DSM bills provided by the SLDC for the month of June 2022, it was observed that the total deviation quantum was 1.25 MU at the T◇D interface. Based on the same, the quantum of energy injected at the G◇T periphery is computed as 1.29 MU. This energy at the G◇T interface is arrived by grossing the power injected at T◇D interface considering the normative transmission loss of 3.18%. The Commission had earlier directed AEML-D to consider power purchase units of

[@] The PPA with AAA Sons Enterprises has expired in April 2022. The Commission in the MYT Order in Case No. 325 of 2019 had approved generation equivalent to 8 days in the FY 2022-23.

imbalance pool as per SLDC DSM bills and calculate FAC. It is reiterated that AEML-D should consider both the power purchase units of imbalance pool and the associated cost as per SLDC DSM bills for the purpose of FAC computation. This is in line with the approach adopted for other Distribution Licensees in the state as well.

- 4.10 Power Procurement from Open Access and Roof Top Solar Consumers: AEML-D has purchased 0.79 MU from the Open Access and Roof top Solar Consumers for the month of June 2022.
- 4.11 Sale of Power: AEML has sold 3.28 MUs under bilateral sale for the month of June 2022.
- 4.12 The Commission has noted that AEML-D has followed Merit Order Dispatch for scheduling of power. As solar and non-solar sources have must run status, they have been scheduled first and all the other sources are scheduled according to SLDC instructions.

5. Power Purchase Cost

- 5.1 The Commission has scrutinised the detailed bills/invoices submitted for power purchase during the month of June 2022, in order to verify the claim of AEML-D regarding Average Power Purchase Cost (APPC). The Commission has verified the actual as well as approved Net Purchase (MUs), Variable Cost (Rs./kWh) and Power Purchase Cost considered in FAC computation from the invoices and applicable MYT Order respectively.
- As submitted by AEML-D, the Power Purchase cost incurred in June 2022 is Rs. 519.21 Crore which is significantly higher than the approved Power Purchase cost of Rs. 343.44 Crore by the Commission for the month of June 2022. This is on account of the higher cost of power purchase from ADTPS, bilateral sources and short term RE purchases. The approved and actual Quantum of power purchase (MU), Power Purchase Cost (Rs. Crore) and Average Power Purchase Cost (Rs./kWh) for the month of June 2022 is shown in Table 5 below:

Table 5: Approved and Actual APPC and Power Purchase Quantum & Cost

Particulars	Source	Power Purchase Quantum (MU)	Fixed Cost (Rs. Crore)	Fixed Cost (Rs./k Wh)	Variable Cost (Rs. Crore)	Variable Cost (Rs. /kWh)	Total Cost (Rs. Crore)	APPC (Rs. /kWh)
ADTPS	Approved	311.08	28.16	0.91	125.06	4.02	153.22	4.93
	Actual	280.24	28.09	1.00	140.11	5.00	168.20	6.00
Solar and	Approved	269.14			92.97	3.45	92.97	3.45
Non-Solar Purchase	Actual	176.04	=) -)	61.81	3.51	61.81	3.51
Bilateral Purchase	Approved	277.88	-5		97.26	3.50	97.26	3.50
	Actual	409.15	941		291.34	7.12	291.34	7.12
Pool/ DSM	Approved		-					



Particulars	Source	Power Purchase Quantum (MU)	Fixed Cost (Rs. Crore)	Fixed Cost (Rs./k Wh)	Variable Cost (Rs. Crore)	Variable Cost (Rs. /kWh)	Total Cost (Rs. Crore)	APPC (Rs. /kWh)
	Actual	1.29	-	1 -	2.15	16.65	2.15	16.65
OA/RTS	Approved	1. 2. 2. K. St 1.		diam'r.	- 10	to booking -	iuth me-	-
	Actual	0.79	14	=	0.28	3.54	0.28	3.54
Sale of	Approved	President Car		NAME OF THE OWNER.	TENYOL	No assessment of the	aletar-	-
Power	Actual	(3.28)		-	(3.10)	9.46	(3.10)	9.46
Other	Approved	All weeks =	and 2 22-1	Here was		Sandon-		
Charges	Actual	3=	-	_	(1.47)	-	(1.47)	_
Total	Approved	858.11	28.16	0.33	315.28	3.67	343.44	4.00
	Actual	864.22	28.09	0.33	491.11	5.68	519.21	6.01

^{*-} In case of AEML-D, there is no monthly approval for purchases. The monthly approved power purchase is arrived based on annual approved power purchase for comparison purpose.

5.3 The Figure 1 below shows the variation in Approved & Actual Power Purchased Quantum and Approved & Actual APPC for all the power purchase sources of AEML-D

1,000 8.00 7.12 900 7.00 6.00 6.01 800 6.00 Power Procurement (MU) 700 5.00 600 3.50 500 3.51 4.00 864.22 400 3.00 858.11 300 2.00 200 409.15 1.00 100 176.04 0 Approved Actual Approved Approved Actual Actual Approved Actual ADTPS Solar and Non Solar Bilateral Purchase Total Purchase Power Purchase Quantum (MU) APPC (Rs. /kWh)

Figure 1: Approved & Actual Power Purchase and APPC

ADTPS

The Commission in Case No. 325 of 2019 has approved an energy quantum from ADTPS at the rate of Rs. 4.93/kWh. AEML-D has purchased power at the rate of Rs. 6.00/kWh (including incentive) for the month of June 2022. The Commission has also worked out the rate for power purchase from AEML-D as Rs. 6.00/kWh for the month of June 2022.

- 5.5 Fixed Cost: The Fixed cost approved for FY 2022-23 in Case No. 325 of 2019 (AEML-D) is Rs. 337.97 Crore whereas the Fixed cost approved for FY 2022-23 in Case No. 298 of 2019 (AEML-G) is Rs. 337.11 Crore. The actual payment of Fixed Cost for the month of June 2022 is to be done according to the entitlement under Case No. 298 of 2019 i.e. Rs. 337.11 Crore, as the payment is to be done according to Generator's Tariff Order.
- The actual PLF of ADTPS in June 2022 was 86.21% as compared to approved PLF of 94.38%. ADTPS was available for generation during the month, the average Plant Availability Factor for the month (PAFM) for both Units of AEML-G was 92.69%. The capacity charge for peak hours works out to Rs. 5.62 Crore and the capacity charge for off peak hours works out to Rs. 22.47 Crore, totalling Rs. 28.09 Crore for the month of June 2022.
- 5.7 Due to lower generation as compared to approved generation, there is an increase of Rs. 0.097/kWh in the Fixed cost and accordingly the actual Fixed Cost per unit is Rs. 1.002/kWh as compared to the approved Fixed Cost of Rs. 0.91/kWh.
- 5.8 Energy Charges: AEML-G has considered the normative operational parameters such as PLF, Availability, Auxiliary Energy Consumption (without FGD), Additional Auxiliary Energy Consumption for FGD, Station Heat Rate and Secondary fuel Oil Consumption as approved by the Commission in Case No. 298 of 2019 for the month of June 2022.
- 5.9 AEML-D has submitted documents to verify the quantity of coal purchased and total cost including breakup of all the cost such as washing charges, Coal handling charges, transportation charges and liaisoning charges incurred for Domestic Coal and Imported Coal, as applicable, for the month of June 2022.
- 5.10 Washed Coal: AEML-D has submitted detailed computation and methodology for booking the coal consumption cost. AEML-D has calculated the total coal consumption cost on the basis of Weighted Average Price Method by adding the purchases during the month in the opening inventory stock. The closing inventory is then obtained by deducting the coal consumed from the total of opening inventory and purchases during the respective month. AEML-D has submitted supporting documents for purchase of 1,44,430.89 MT raw Coal from SECL in the month of June 2022. AEML-G has also stated that it has received 1,52,224.75 MT of washed coal at the plant boundary of ADTPS and has consumed 1,47,919.51 MT of washed coal in June 2022. AEML-D has also submitted the breakup and supporting documents for "Other Charges" of Rs. 31,21,691/-. AEML-D has submitted that in the month of June 2022, Rs. 8,49,384/-, Rs. 8,52,775/- and Rs. 3,79,223/- have been included as an adjustment under freight charges for raw and washed coal and for coal loading charges respectively, on account of diesel escalation for May 2022. Further, Rs (593)/- has been included as an adjustment under wash coal analysis for short quantity analysis done at unloading end by IGI for May 2022 and Rs. (1,997)/- has been considered under raw coal analysis charges at mine end



- for February and March 2022. Further, penalty levied on washery for Ash content of more than 36% in more than 3 rakes in May 2022 was Rs. (10,18,930)/- i.e. (Rs. 8,63,500 plus 18% GST), which has been considered under washing charges.
- 5.11 From May 2021 onwards SECL has started supplying coal of size 250 mm to ADTPS, apart from coal of size 100 mm. As per the washery contract, the additional washing charges for washing of coal of size more than 100 mm shall be reimbursed by AEML-G to the washery. The additional washing charges for washing coal of size 250 mm in June 2022 was Rs 52,83,282/- (Rs. 44,77,358/- plus 18% GST), which has been considered under washing charges.
- 5.12 The input tax credit (ITC) due to sale of coal rejects works out to Rs. (14,18,874)/-, which has been included as an adjustment under SECL coal purchase cost.
- 5.13 The ITC available to AEML-D for supply to SEEPZ area is set off against the GST paid on purchase of coal / LDO or against the GST paid for other services such as coal washing, coal analysis, liasoning and supervision etc. The ITC available for the GST paid for railway freight, supervision charges, analysis charges at loading and unloading end for June 2022 (provisional), totalling Rs. (3,11,459)/- has been included as adjustment in June 2022. The difference between provisional ITC claimed for May 2022 and final ITC for May 2022 works out to Rs. (21,732)/-, which has been considered as an adjustment in washed coal charges. ITC for GST paid for purchase of coal from SECL from May 2022 is Rs. (82,588)/-, which has also been considered as an adjustment in washed coal charges.
- 5.14 The Commission has examined the invoices and the supporting excel working provided by AEML-D and has found it to be appropriate. The working of the washed coal fuel cost considered for June 2022 is as shown in the Table 6 below:

Table 6: Working of Washed Coal Rate for June, 2022

Particular	Quantity (MT)	Cost (Rs. Crore)	Price (Rs./MT)	
Inventory		2000000		
Opening (as on 1st June)	18,023.97	9.30	5,157.35	
Addition during month	1,52,224.75	82.38	5,411.93	
Total	1,70,248.72	91.68	5,384.98	
Consumption				
Actual	1,47,919.51	79.65	5,384.98	
Other Charges		0.31		
Total	1,47,919.51	79.97	5,406.08	

5.15 The overall cost approved towards fuel expenses (Washed coal) is Rs. 79.97 Crore for the month of June 2022.

- 5.16 With regards to the washed coal, the landed cost for the month of June 2022 is Rs. 5,406.08 /MT as compared to MYT approved Rs. 5,860.45 /MT, which is 7.75% lower than the approved MYT rate.
- 5.17 AEML-D has considered 'As billed' GCV of 3,648 kCal/kg for washed coal and 'As received' GCV of 3,623 kCal/kg for June 2022.
- 5.18 The GCV of washed coal used for Energy Charge calculation matches with the GCV 'As billed' submitted by AEML-G. In MYT Order in Case No. 298 of 2019, the Commission has directed to consider the GCV "as received" or "as billed", whichever is higher. The relevant paragraph is produced below:
 - "5.4.29 Based on the above analysis and the fact that AEML-G uses washed coal, it is evident that the GCV of coal is being improved due to washing. Thus, the relaxation of transit loss of 300 kcal/kg allowed as per the MYT Regulations, 2019 between GCV 'as billed' by supplier and GCV 'as received' at generating station" is not applicable in AEML-G's case. Further, AEML-G itself has submitted that loss in calorific value is much less than 300 kcal/kg.
 - 5.4.30 Considering the washery process undertaken by the AEML-G and having a yield loss of 15%, the burden of which is pass on to the consumers, the Commission is not inclined to provide any actual loss in calorific value of coal between 'as billed' and 'as received'. However, in future, the Higher of GCV at Mine end or ADTPS (washed coal) will be considered for computation of energy charges, whereby GCV will be considered on ARB basis post moisture correction based on the formula as provided by MoP and World council.
 - 5.4.31 However, while calculating the energy charges for the 4th MYT Control Period AEML-G has submitted GCV 'as billed' as 3,990 kcal/kg and GCV 'as received' as 3,912 kcal/kg. However, based on the data provided by AEML-G specified in Table 80 and as per the rationale provided in Para 5.4.29 of this Order, the Commission approves the GCV 'as billed' of 3,990 kcal/kg for computation of energy charges for the 4th MYT Control Period.
 - 5.4.32 However, the Commission shall take a final call on GCV at the time of true-up based on the results of third-party analysis and prudence check by the Commission."
- 5.19 The transit loss claimed by AEML-D for the month of June 2022 is 0.615%. The coal received at ADTPS in June 2022 is the mix of coal dispatched from the washery from the already existing stock at the washery and Raw Coal purchased and washed at washery. Transit loss of washed coal is calculated as the difference between net weight of coal in rakes sent by Indian Railways from washery end and the net weight of coal received at ADTPS railway siding. The net weight of coal sent by Railways is ascertained from Railway Receipts (RR). The net weight of coal at ADTPS railway siding is ascertained by weighment of coal at the time of its unloading through wagon tippler. As per weighment of coal at ADTPS, the washed coal received is 1,52,224.75 MT and as per weighment of coal at washery end, the washed coal dispatched was



- 1,53,167.28 MT. The difference is reported as the transit loss which is 942.53 MT which is 0.615% of the total coal dispatched during the month of June 2022.
- 5.20 The weighted average GCV of opening stock of washed coal in June 2022 was 3,855 kCal/kg. The 'As received' GCV of washed coal received in June 2022 was 3,623 kCal/kg and 'As billed' GCV was 3,648 kCal/kg. As the 'As billed' GCV is higher than the 'As received' GCV of washed coal, the Commission has considered the 'As billed' GCV for computing the weighted average GCV of 3,670 kCal/kg for June 2022. The 'As fired' GCV of washed coal considered by AEML-D is 3,651 kCal/kg. Considering the difference between the 'As received' GCV and the 'As Fired' GCV, the stacking loss for washed coal works out to 19 kCal/kg which is within the limit of 120 kCal/kg.
- 5.21 Raw Coal: AEML-D has not purchased any raw coal in June 2022.
- 5.22 AEML-D has also not consumed any raw coal in June 2022.
- 5.23 The overall cost approved towards raw coal expenses is nil for the month of June 2022.
- 5.24 Imported Coal: AEML-G has procured 24,138.05 MT of imported coal from Adani Enterprises Ltd (AEL). AEL has procured the imported coal at Dahej port and thereafter the coal has been transported to AEML-G through Railways. Hence AEML-G has incurred railway freight for the imported coal in addition to the cost of coal in the month of June 2022. AEML-D has consumed 34,744.69 MT of imported coal in June 2022. ITC on GST paid for June 2022 (provisional), totalling Rs. (2,09,665/-) has been considered as adjustments under respective heads. The difference between provisional ITC claimed for May 2022 and final ITC for May 2022 works out to Rs. (1,17,785)/which has been considered as an adjustment under respective heads. Vide notification dated 22 December, 2020, Ministry of Commerce and Industry, Govt. of India, had amended the coal import policy. As per the said policy Coal Import Monitoring System (CIMS) has been introduced and the coal importers are required to provide advance information in the online system for import of coal, effective from 1 April, 2021. As per the notifications, the importers were required to register the vessels in CIMS. AEML-G is in the process of receiving coal through one vessel in July 2022. Hence, an amount of Rs. 1,00,000/- has been paid as CIMS registration fees in June 2022 for purchase of imported coal through the said vessel has been claimed under other charges.
- 5.25 During the approval of FAC charges for May 2022, the Commission had raised queries regarding the purchase of imported coal by AEML-D from vendors other than those contracted for supplying imported coal earlier. AEML-D had clarified that M/s Adani Enterprises Ltd had emerged as L1 from the Tender process undertaken by AEML-G to source imported coal and the coal supply agreement was entered on 10 May, 2022 with the L1 bidder.
- 5.26 AEML-D also submitted that considering the unavailability of Dahanu port between May to September and also in view of requirement of coal for AEML-G due to shortage

of supply of domestic coal by CIL, AEML-G had procured imported coal through competitive bidding route through Dahej Port. Procurement of coal from Dahej Port to AEML involves transportation cost to be paid to Railways. However, the landed cost of coal at AEML – G through price discovered in the above said tender process (including the cost of transportation) is lesser than the landed cost of coal discovered through long term coal supply agreement entered with M/s Taurus Commodities General Trading LLC. AEML-D had submitted the comparative statement of landed cost along with the response.

- 5.27 Further, there was a country wide severe shortage of supply of domestic coal by CIL. Hence AEML-G was forced to procure imported coal, even though the prices of imported coal have significantly increased in FY 2022-23 due to geopolitical conditions. However, as submitted above, the landed cost of coal at AEML-G through price discovered in the above said tender process (including the cost of transportation) was lesser than the landed cost of coal discovered through long term coal supply agreement entered with M/s Taurus Commodities General Trading LLC. AEML shall continue to take steps to optimize the fuel sourcing for ADTPS and keep the fuel cost to the minimum.
- 5.28 The Commission had noted the submissions of AEML-D in the matter of procurement of the imported coal from newly contracted vendor and considers the cost variation for recovery through the FAC mechanism. However, AEML-D is directed to ensure that appropriate and timely steps are taken to optimise the fuel sourcing so as to ensure that the undue burden of higher cost of power procurement does not adversely impact the consumers.
- 5.29 The Commission has examined the invoices and the supporting excel working provided by AEML-D and has found it to be appropriate. The working of the imported coal fuel cost considered for June 2022 is as shown in the Table 7 below:

Table 7: Working of Imported Coal Rate for June 2022

Particular	Quantity (MT)	Cost (Rs. Crore)	Price (Rs./MT)			
Inventory						
Opening (as on 1st June)	16,748.68	19.98	11,928.47			
Addition during month	24,138.05	37.05	15,348.58			
Total	40,886.73	57.03	13,947.58			
Consumption						
Actual	34,744.69	48.46	13,947.58			
Other Charges		-	_			
Total	34,744.69	48.46	13,947.58			



- 5.30 The overall cost approved towards imported coal expenses is Rs. 48.46 Crore for the month of June 2022.
- 5.31 With regards to the imported coal, the weighted average landed cost for the month of June 2022 is Rs. 13,947.58/MT. AEML-D has consumed 34,744.69 MT of imported coal during the month of June 2022.
- 5.32 The transit loss claimed by AEML-D for the month of June 2022 is 0.84%. As per weighment of coal at ADTPS, the imported coal received is 24,138.05 MT and as per weighment of coal despatched was 24,342.09 MT. The difference is reported as the transit loss which is 204.04 MT which is 0.838% of the total coal despatched during the month of June 2022.
- 5.33 The "As Received" GCV for opening stock of imported coal for June 2022 was 4,131 kCal/kg and the "As Received" GCV of imported coal received in June 2022 is 4,572 kCal/kg. Hence the weighted average GCV of 4,391 kCal/kg has been considered as the "As Received" GCV of imported coal for June 2022. The "As fired" GCV of imported coal is 4,445 kCal/kg. The same has been used to work out the stacking loss of (54) kCal/kg for imported coal.
- 5.34 LDO: AEML-D has submitted that it has received 120 KL and it has consumed 75.49 KL of Light Diesel Oil in the month of June 2022.
- 5.35 The Commission has examined the invoices and the supporting excel working provided by AEML-D and has found it to be appropriate. The working of the LDO fuel cost considered for June 2022 is as shown in the Table 8 below:

Table 8: Working of LDO Rate for June 2022

Particular	Quantity (KL)	Cost (Rs. Crore)	Price (Rs./KL)
Inventory			
Opening (as on 1st June)	397.03	2.10	52,788.08
Addition during month	120.00	1.31	1,08,883.42
Total	517.03	3.40	65,807.52
Consumption			
Actual	75.49	0.50	65,807.52
Other Charges			
Total	75.49	0.50	65,807.52

- 5.36 No cost has been approved towards LDO expenses for the month of June 2022. With regards to the LDO, the weighted average landed cost for the month of June 2022 is Rs. 65,807.52 /KL.
- 5.37 The weighted average GCV of opening stock of LDO in June 2022 was 10,809 kCal/kg. The 'As fired' GCV of LDO considered by AEML-D is 10,809 kCal/kg. Considering the difference between the weighted average GCV of opening stock and the 'As Fired' GCV, the stacking loss for LDO works out to nil.

- 5.38 As per MYT Regulations, 2019 for calculation of Energy Charge Rate, the Commission has notified the maximum stacking loss allowed in Clause 50.7 as reproduced below:
 - "Any variation in Price and Gross Calorific Value of coal/lignite or gas or liquid fuel as billed by supplier less actual stacking loss subject to the maximum stacking loss of 85 kcal/kg or 120 kcal/kg, as the case may be, vis-a-vis approved values shall be adjusted on month to month basis on the basis of average Gross Calorific Value of coal/lignite or gas or liquid fuel in stock received and weighted average landed cost incurred by the Generating Company for procurement of coal/lignite, oil, or gas or liquid fuel, as the case may be for a power Station:"
- 5.39 In line with MYT Regulations, 2019 and MYT Order in Case No. 298 of 2019, the Commission has considered stacking loss of 5.08 kcal/kg (minimum of actual weighted average loss considering washed coal, raw coal and imported coal of 5.08 kcal/kg or 120 kcal/kg as per Regulation) for calculation of energy charge rate.
- 5.40 Considering the approved rates for Washed Coal, Imported Coal and LDO, the fuel cost, GCV and normative operational parameters, the revised energy charges works out to Rs. 4.997 /kWh which is higher than the approved variable cost of Rs. 3.986/kWh as per the MYT Order for AEML-G (Case No. 298 of 2019).
- 5.41 **Incentive:** As per Regulation 46.3 of MYT Regulations, 2019, the target PLF for earning incentive is 85%. Since the cumulative PLF for June 2022, both for peak and off-peak hours, was 85.02% and 82.13% respectively, AEML-G has claimed Rs. 0.08 Crore as incentive for June 2022.
- 5.42 Variation in power purchase expenses from ADTPS on account of change in quantum and per unit rate is as shown in Table 9 below:

Table 9: Variation in Power Purchase expenses from ADTPS for June 2022

Source	Approved Quantum (MU)	Approved rate (Rs./kWh)	quantum	Actual rate (Rs./kWh)	Variation due to quantum (Rs. Crore)	Variation due to rate (Rs. Crore)	Total variation (Rs. Crore)
ADTPS	311.08	4.93	280.24	6.00	(15.19)	30.17	14.98

- 5.43 Based on the above, APPC for ADTPS works out to Rs. 6.00/kWh (including incentive) as against approved Rs. 4.93/kWh. There is Rs. 1.08/kWh increase in APPC for month of June 2022. Fixed cost variation is contributing to increase of Rs. 0.097/kWh and variable cost variation is contributing to Rs. 0.98/kWh increase. The increase in variable cost is due to higher price of imported coal which was procured in June 2022. AEML-G had to resort to procurement of imported coal due to continued shortage of availability of domestic coal from SECL.
- 5.44 Solar Purchase: The Commission has approved power purchase at the rate of Rs. 10.30/kWh from DSPPL. AEML-D has purchased 4.21 MUs at the same rate of Rs.



- 10.30/kWh as approved in the MYT Order. The Commission has verified the bills/invoices submitted and found them to be correct.
- 5.45 Wind Solar Hybrid: The Commission has approved 94.93% of renewable power purchase quantum (255.50 MU) at the rate of Rs. 3.24/kWh from wind solar hybrid for FY 2022-23. AEML-D has purchased 154.35 MU from wind solar hybrid source for month of June 2022.
- 5.46 Non-Solar Purchase: The Commission has approved power purchase from non-solar sources. The actual APPC and approved APPC from all the sources is as shown in the Table 10 below:

Source	Approved (Rs/kWh)	Actual (Rs./kWh)
Reliance Innoventures	-	2.62
AAA Sons Enterprise	5.00	-
Vector Green Energy Private Limited	5.07	5.07
Tembhu Power Private Limited	4.26	4.26
Clean Power Private Limited	5.81	5.81

Table 10: Approved and Actual APPC from Non-Solar Sources

- 5.47 No power has been procured from AAA Sons Enterprises in May 2022 as the PPA has expired in April 2022. The Commission in the MYT Order in Case No. 325 of 2019 had approved generation equivalent to 8 days in the FY 2022-23.
- 5.48 The Commission has approved power purchase rate for Vector Green Energy Limited, Tembhu Power Private Limited and Reliance Clean Power Private Limited in the MYT Order in Case No. 325 of 2019 and AEML-D has procured power from Vector Green Energy Limited, Tembhu Power Private Limited and Reliance Clean Power Private Limited sources at the same rate during June 2022.
- 5.49 As regards the power purchase from Reliance Innoventures Ltd., AEML-D submitted that the EPA with Reliance Innoventures Ltd. expired on 31 March 2022. However, AEML-D has negotiated with the Generator and extended the PPA for further period of 6 months at an agreed rate which has been linked with Competitive Day Ahead Market (DAM) of IEX subject to ceiling rate of Rs 2.62 per kWh. The tariff for procurement will therefore be monthly average RTC market clearing price of IEX or Rs. 2.62 per unit, whichever is lower.
- 5.50 AEML-D has also purchased short term RE power based on IEX Day Ahead Market (DAM) tariff minus discount of Rs 0.04/kWh. AEML-D submitted that power procured through exchange linked contracts is at a rate lower than the rate discovered in IEX DAM tariff for corresponding time block. Through such contract, trading margin of Rs 0.02/kWh of IEX is also saved. However, AEML-D has submitted that the bill/ invoice against the said contract/LOI is not received, as GCN is not received by seller from MSEDCL. Since, the quantum is not known, the same is automatically included as part



- of imbalance pool. Once AEML receives the bill, the cost shall be claimed in the month in which the bill is received/ paid. However, at the time of truing-up, this quantum will also be considered as part of RPO obligation. AEML-D has requested the Commission to consider such sourcing of RE power towards meeting its RPO obligation.
- The Commission in the past has approved such purchase of RE power through exchange 5.51 linked contracts. During the approval of FAC charges for January 2022, the Commission had observed that AEML-D had changed the tariff linkage of the exchange linked RE contracts from IEX GDAM to IEX DAM. AEML-D had not clarified the reason for the change in the contractual arrangement for procuring short term RE power through market linked contracts. However, the Commission had observed that the average rate of Short Term RE power procurement for the month of January 2022 is Rs. 4.27/kWh as against Rs. 4.34/kWh observed in December 2021. Further, from the data available on the IEX website, it has been observed that the rates in the G-DAM segment were higher than that observed in DAM for most of the period in the month of January 2022. This would be beneficial to the consumers and accordingly, the Commission had approved the procurement of short term RE power through market linked contracts. However, the Commission had directed that AEML-D should ensure that the changes in contract terms should not adversely impact the consumers. However, these rates are linked to the power markets and will vary according to the market trends. As regards the comparison between the rates in the GDAM and DAM segments in the month of June 2022, it is observed that the average DAM rates were lower than GDAM on some of the days and on other days the GDAM rates were lower than the DAM rates. The market in June 2022 was operating at relatively lower rates than previous months with weighted average market clearing prices reaching Rs. 12.00/kWh (in GDAM) only on a couple of occasions. Accordingly, the Commission approves the power purchase of short term RE (market linked contracts) for the month of June 2022. However, AEML-D needs to track the market movements and ensure that the terms of the contract are beneficial for the consumers.
- 5.52 Further, AEML-D has also procured short term RE power through IEX Green Day Ahead Market (GDAM) at an average rate of Rs. 4.22/kWh. Considering the same, the average rate of power purchase from short term RE sources is Rs. 4.22/kWh. The cost of the power procured through the IEX DAM linked contracts will be considered in the month in which the bill is received and claimed by AEML-D in its submissions. However, AEML-D should follow-up with the seller to ensure that the bills are raised on time.
- 5.53 Variation in power purchase expenses from RE sources on account of change in quantum and per unit rate is as shown in Table 11 below:



Table 11: Variation in Power Purchase expenses from Renewable Energy Sources for June 2022

Source	Approved Quantum (MU)	Approved rate (Rs./ kWh)	Actual quantu m (MU)	Actual rate (Rs./ kWh)	Variation due to quantum (Rs. Crore)	Variation due to rate (Rs. Crore)	Total variati on (Rs. Crore)
DSPPL	5.52	10.30	4.21	10.30	(1.34)	(0.00)	(1.34)
Wind Solar Hybrid	255.50	3.24	154.35	3.24	(32.77)	(0.00)	(32.77)
Reliance Innoventure		-	7.06	2.62	-	1.85	1.85
AAA Sons Enterprise	0.01	5.00	-	-	(0.01)	_	(0.01)
Vector Green Energy Pvt Ltd	0.88	5.07	1.40	5.07	0.27	0.00	0.27
Tembhu Power Pvt. Ltd.	0.99	4.26	0.37	4.26	(0.26)	=	-
Reliance Clean Power Ltd.	6.25	5.81	6.91	5.81	0.38	(0.00)	0.38
Short Term RE		-	1.74	4.22	-	0.73	0.73
Total RE Sources	269.14	3.45	176.04	3.51	(33.74)	2.58	(31.15)

- 5.54 APPC for renewable sources for the month June 2022 works out to Rs. 3.51 /kWh as against approved level of Rs. 3.45/kWh. The increase is on account of lower power purchase from wind solar hybrid source which is the cheapest source as the Commission has approved 94.93% of total quantum from wind solar hybrid at the rate of 3.24/kWh. The purchase from short term RE sources is also at a rate higher than that approved for wind solar hybrid source.
- 5.55 Bilateral Purchase: AEML-D has undertaken bilateral purchase of power from power exchange, both PXIL and IEX and also through exchange price linked bilateral contracts and inter discom trade at the average rate of Rs. 7.12/kWh which is significantly higher than the approved rate of Rs. 3.50/kWh. It is observed that the power prices in the shortterm market have increased in the month of June 2022 as compared to the prices in the months of January 2022 and February 2022, which is also seen in the average price of power purchase from bilateral contracts seen in January 2022 (Rs. 3.81/kWh) and February 2022 (Rs. 5.19/kWh). However, the rate observed in June 2022 is lower as compared to the prices observed in March 2022 and April 2022 which is also reflected in the average price of power purchase from bilateral contracts in March 2022 (Rs. 9.27/kWh), April 2022 (Rs. 11.10 kWh). In case of May 2022, though the average rate of power purchase in short term market was less than June 2022, the average price of actual power purchase from bilateral sources in May 2022 was Rs. 9.24/kWh. The trend of the average rates discovered on IEX (at regional periphery) are shown below for reference:

Table 12: Power Prices in short term market (Rs./kWh)

Month	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	June-22
RTC	3.39	4.35	8.17	9.55	5.88	6.56
Evening (17-23 Hrs)	4.27	5.00	10.70	10.56	7.39	8.15
Day (10-17 Hrs)	3.41	4.11	6.11	7.75	4.63	4.73



Month	Jan-22	Feb-22	Mar-22	Apr-22	May-22	June-22
Night (0-6, 23-34 Hrs)	1.98	2.82	7.83	10.90	7.10	8.19
Morning (6-10 Hrs)	4.49	6.44	8.55	8.85	3.63	4.57

5.56 Due to limited long-term tie-up, AEML-D relies significantly on the short-term purchase. AEML-D has purchased 409.15 MUs through bilateral purchase (PXIL, IEX and exchange linked contracts) which is 47.34% of its total power purchase for June 2022. The summary of the power procured from the various short-term sources is reproduced in the table below:

Table 13: Summary of power procured from short term sources

Sr. No.	Source	Net Purchase (MU)	Power Purchase Cost (Rs. Crore)	Average Power Purchase Cost (Rs./kWh)
		Bilateral	Sources	•
1	IEX	191.38	126.81	6.63
2	PXIL	75.43	57.69	7.65
3	STPP (including inter discom purchase)	142.34	106.77	7.50
	TOTAL	409.15	291.28	7.12

- 5.57 AEML-D has submitted the bill/invoices regarding the purchase of power from exchange and the Commission has verified the energy quantum and power purchase cost and found it to be appropriate considering. AEML-D has also submitted the sample LOAs for day ahead exchange linked contract. Accordingly, the Commission approves the aforesaid bilateral purchase with APPC of Rs. 7.12/kWh.
- 5.58 AEML-D has to pay fees of Rs. 7,500 per month to MSLDC towards IEX standing clearance in advance, for next month. The said amount is as per the amount approved by the Commission in SLDC Order in Case No. 291 of 2019 and the same is considered as part of Bilateral purchase cost in FAC for June 2022 towards fees paid for July 2022. Further, AEML-D has also paid Rs. 35,400 towards monthly fees for PXIL and the same is claimed in FAC for June 2022. Further, AEML-D has also paid Rs. 3,51,000 and Rs. 1,77,750 towards Scheduling and Rescheduling charges for the period September 2018 to November 2018 and June 2019 but received by AEML-D recently and paid in June month and the same is claimed in FAC for June 2022 The Commission has noted the submissions.
- 5.59 AEML-D had made banking transaction for which power was availed in the months of February, March and April 2022. This was approved by the Commission for consideration in the FAC approval. The power is to be returned from July 2022 onwards. For this purpose, corridor has been booked for the month of August 2022 for which charges have been paid in June 2022. The same (Rs. 0.02 Crore) is proposed to be considered as part of Bilateral purchase cost, in FAC for June 2022. Accordingly, the consolidated cost of power purchase from bilateral sources is Rs. 7.12/kWh.



- 5.60 As regards bilateral purchases, it is observed that AEML has been purchasing short term power on a regular basis from power exchange or exchange linked bilateral contracts. Considering the variation in prices on exchange, AEML should explore the option of tying up partial quantum for slightly longer duration contracts after assessing the market conditions through competitive bidding to avoid variation in short term prices on a daily/monthly basis. Such longer period may be up till 100% availability of hybrid contracted power, as the availability of cheaper source of Hybrid power will take some time.
- 5.61 Variation in power purchase expenses from Bilateral on account of change in quantum and per unit rate is as shown in Table 14 below:

Source	Approved Quantum (MU)	Approved rate (Rs./kWh)	Actual quantum (MU)	Actual rate (Rs./kWh)	Variation due to quantum (Rs. Crore)	Variation due to rate (Rs. Crore)	Total variation (Rs. Crore)
Bilateral Purchase	277.88	3.50	409.15	7.12	45.94	148.14	194.08

Table 14: Variation in Power Purchase expenses from Bilateral for June 2022

- DSM Pool: AEML-D has submitted that for the month of June 2022, it has drawn 1.05 MU under the DSM mechanism and has incurred cost of Rs. 2.15 Crore. As discussed in para 4.9 of this report, based on the scrutiny of the DSM bills provided by the SLDC for the month of June 2022, it was observed that the total deviation quantum was 1.25 MU at the T⋄D interface. Based on the same, the quantum of energy injected at the G⋄T periphery is computed as 1.29 MU. This energy at the G⋄T interface is arrived by grossing the power injected at T⋄D interface considering the normative transmission loss of 3.18%. AEML-D is directed to consider both the power purchase units of imbalance pool and the associated cost as per SLDC DSM bills for the purpose of FAC computation. This is in line with the approach adopted for other Distribution Licensees in the state as well.
- 5.63 Power Procurement from Open Access and Roof Top Solar Consumers: As per MERC (Distribution Open Access) (First Amendment) Regulations, 2019:
 - "20.5. The unutilised banked energy at the end of the month, limited to 10% of the actual total generation by such Renewable Energy generator in such month, shall be considered as deemed purchase by the Distribution Licensee at a rate equivalent to that stipulated under yearly Generic RE Tariff Order applicable for respective technology...

...Provided further that provision relating to Banking of the Principal Regulations shall continue to apply for existing Open Access Agreements or contracts as on date of notification of the first amendment of the Principal Regulations, till the expiry of the approved period for such OA transactions, beyond which provision relating to Banking under Regulation 20 of the first amendment of the Principal Regulations shall apply."



Further, as per MERC (Net Metering for Roof-top Solar Photo Voltaic Systems) Regulations, 2015:

- "10.3. The unadjusted net credited Units of electricity as at the end of each financial year shall be purchased by the Distribution Licensee at its Average Cost of Power Purchase as approved by the Commission for that year, within the first month of the following year:"
- 5.64 The surplus energy of RE Open Access consumers (Firm and Non-firm) purchased by AEML-D as per the aforementioned regulations is 0.79 MU at a cost of Rs. 0.26 Crore and is considered in the FAC for the month of June 2022. AEML-D has submitted the details of the power procured as a part of the submission which has been verified based on consumer wise detail provided by AEML-D.
- 5.65 **Sale of Power:** AEML has sold 3.28 MUs under bilateral sale and received Rs. 3.10 Crore for the month of June 2022.
- 5.66 Other Charges: AEML-D has considered rebate pertaining to payments made towards power purchase from contracted generators of Renewable energy, traders from short term power purchase, payment made for InSTS charges, SLDC charges etc. in the month of June 2022. The Commission has scrutinized the details and has approved Rs. 1.47 Crore as rebate to be considered as part of Power purchase cost for the month of June 2022. There is no standby previous year adjustment for the month of June 2022.
- 5.67 Summarised reasons for the rate variation for various sources are given in Table 15 below:

Table 15: Reasons for the rate variation for various sources for June 2022

Sr. No.	Source	Approved Rate (Rs. /kWh)	Actual Rate (Rs. /kWh)	Reason for rate variation
1	ADTPS	4.93	6.00	 The fixed charges are higher by Rs. 0.097/kWh due to lower generation as compared to the approved generation. The variable cost has increased by Rs. 0.98/kWh due to higher price of imported coal procured in June 2022. The imported coal was procured due to shortage of availability of domestic coal from SECL.
2	RE Sources	3.45	3.51	• The main reason for cost increase is the lower purchase of power from wind solar hybrid source which is the cheapest source approved by the Commission in the MYT Order and it contributes to around 94.93% of total approved renewable quantum. The rate of purchase is Rs. 3.24/kWh which is lower than the other sources. Rest of the RE



Sr. No.	Source	Approved Rate (Rs. /kWh)	Actual Rate (Rs./kWh)	Reason for rate variation
				 power is purchased at approved rate. Purchase of RE from short term sources like IEX GDAM at an average power purchase rate of Rs. 4.22/kWh which is higher than the hybrid power source. The EPA with Reliance Innoventure which expired on 31 March, 2022 was extended for a period of 6 months at a negotiated price linked with competitive Day Ahead Market (DAM) of IEX subject to ceiling rate of Rs 2.62 /kWh. This has helped in slightly reducing the average rate of power purchase from RE sources in June 2022. AEML-D has purchased RE power from IEX DAM linked contracts, however, the invoices have not been received as GCN is not received by the seller from MSEDCL. Hence, the quantum is not known and is accounted under the imbalance pool. The cost of this power will be claimed in the month in which the bills are received.
3	Power Exchange / Banking power	3.50	7.12	 Market discovered rate; Short term power purchase from Power Exchange (both IEX and PXIL) and through day ahead exchange linked bilateral contracts and inter discom trade is done at an average rate of Rs. 7.12/kWh. The open access charges related to banking have been considered.
	Total	4.00	6.01	Variation due to above reasons

- 5.68 Considering the above, the Commission allows the actual average power purchase cost of Rs. 6.01/kWh for the month of June 2022 as shown in Table 15 above as compared to approved average power purchase cost of Rs. 4.00/kWh.
- 6. FAC on account of fuel and power purchase cost (F)
- 6.1 The Commission has worked out the average power purchase costs for the month of June 2022 as shown in Table 15 above. The same has been compared with the average power purchase cost approved by the Commission in MYT Order dated 30 March, 2020 to arrive at the differential per unit rate at which Z_{FAC} is to be passed on to the consumers.
- 6.2 It is noted that AEML-D has incurred the per unit Power Purchase cost higher than the Approved per unit Power Purchase Cost hence the Z_{FAC} worked out by the Commission

on account of difference in power purchase cost for the month of June 2022 is positive as shown in the Table 16 below.

Table 16: FAC on account of Power Purchase Cost

Sr. No.	Particulars	Units	June 2022
1	Average power purchase cost approved by the Commission	Rs./ kWh	4.00
2	Actual average power purchase cost	Rs. /kWh	6.01
3	Change in average power purchase cost (= 2-1)	Rs./ kWh	2.01
4	Net Power Purchase	MU	864.22
5	Change in power purchase cost (=3 x 4/10)	Rs. Crore	173.31

7. Adjustment for over recovery/under recovery (B)

7.1 The adjustment for over recovery/under recovery has to be done for the (n-4) month as per provisions of MYT Regulations, 2019. As the prior approval of FAC has started from April 2020 and no FAC recovery has been done till now, there would not be any adjustment for over recovery/ under recovery.

8. Carrying Cost for over recovery/under recovery (C)

- 8.1 As there is no adjustment for over recovery/under recovery as mentioned in para, 7.1 above, there is no carrying cost on account of such adjustment.
- 8.2 The holding cost is computed considering the MCLR + 150 basis points. This turns out to be 8.90% for June 2022, however, there is no carrying cost worked out for June 2022 as there is no over/under-recovery mentioned is para 7.1 above.

9. <u>Disallowance due to excess Distribution Loss</u>

9.1 Regulation 10.8 of MYT Regulations, 2019 provides for FAC amount to be reduced in case the actual distribution loss for the month exceeds the approved distribution loss. The relevant extract is reproduced as follows.

"10.8 The total Z_{FAC} recoverable as per the formula specified above shall be recovered from the actual sales in terms of "Rupees per kilowatt-hour":

Provided that, in case of unmetered consumers, the Z_{FAC} shall be recoverable based on estimated sales to such consumers, computed in accordance with such methodology as may be stipulated by the Commission:

Provided further that, where the actual annual sliding distribution losses of the Distribution Licensee exceed the level approved by the Commission, the amount of Z_{FAC} corresponding to the excess distribution losses (in kWh terms) shall be deducted from the total Z_{FAC} recoverable"



9.2 The following Table 17 provides the comparison of approved and actual distribution loss and disallowance due to excess distribution loss, if any:

Table 17: Disallowance of FAC due to excess Distribution Loss

Sr. No.	Particulars	Units	Approved in Tariff Order	Actual for June 2022	Cumulative up to June 2022	Annual Sliding Distribution Loss up to June 2022
1	Net Energy input at Distribution Voltages	MU	830.82	856.37	2,743.58	9,113.24
2	Energy sales at Distribution voltages	MU	772.24	897.75	2,559.27	8,458.99
3	Distribution Loss (1 - 2)	MU	58.58	(41.38)	184.31	654.25
4	Distribution Loss as % (3/1)	%	7.05%	-4.83%	6.72%	7.18%
5	Excess Distribution Loss = [Annual Sliding Distribution Loss (4) - Distribution loss approved] x Net Energy Input (1)	MU	-	u≡.g	-	1.10
6	Disallowance of FAC due to excess Distribution Loss	Rs. Crore			-	0.21

- 9.3 As seen from the above Table 17, distribution loss for the month of June 2022 is -4.83% which is lower than the MYT approved distribution loss of 7.05%. However, the cumulative distribution loss upto June 2022 is 6.72% which is lower than the distribution losses approved in the MYT Order. AEML-D submitted that the distribution losses are being reported considering the difference between the input and sales attributable to AEML-D's own consumers. Further, the sales being reported for LT cycle billing is as per bill posting date, whereas the input will be pertaining to the concerned month itself and thus there will be variation in losses on account of the differing period of purchase and sales.
- 9.4 Further, the Annual Sliding Distribution Loss up to June 2022 is 7.18% which is higher than the approved distribution loss of 7.05% as approved in MYT Order.
- 9.5 As part of the analysis, monthly as well as cumulative distribution losses trend is also examined with reference to approved by the Commission and similar period of last financial year as shown in Table 18 below:

Table 18: Monthly and Cumulative Distribution Loss trend of AEML-D

Year	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22	
Approved	7.05%	7.30%	
Actual - April	12.47%	7.46%	
Actual - May	11.48%	7.93%	
Actual – June	-4.83%	1.48%	
Actual - Cumulative till June	6.72%	5.79%	



9.6 As seen from the above Table 17, disallowance of FAC due to excess distribution loss for the month of June 2022 is Rs. 0.21 Crore since the standalone FAC for the month of June 2022 is positive and also the annual sliding distribution loss is higher than approved distribution loss by the Commission.

10. Summary of Allowable ZFAC

10.1 The summary of the FAC amount as approved by the Commission for the month of June 2022 as shown in the Table 19 below.

Table 19: Summary of Allowable Z_{FAC} for June 2022

Sr. No.	Particulars	Units	As Claimed June 2022	As Approved June 2022
1	Calculation of Z _{FAC}			and the same store party
1.1	Change in cost of generation and power purchase attributable to Sales within the License Area (F)	Rs. Crore	173.41	173.31
1.2	Carrying cost for over-recovery/under- recovery (C)	Rs. Crore	£.,	s=
1.3	Adjustment factor for over-recovery/under- recovery (B)	Rs. Crore	-	-
1.4	$Z_{FAC} = F + C + B$	Rs. Crore	173.31	173.31
2	Calculation of FAC Charge			1.5.01
2.1	Energy Sales within the License Area	MU	897.75	897.75
2.2	Excess Distribution Loss	MU	_	1.10
2.3	Z _{FAC} per kWh	Rs./kWh	1.93	1.93
3	Recovery of FAC			
3.1	FAC disallowed corresponding to excess Distribution Loss [(2.2 x 2.3)/10]	Rs. Crore	-	0.21
3.2	Allowable FAC	Rs. Crore	173.41	173.10
4	Utilization of FAC Fund			173.10
4.1	Opening Balance of FAC Fund	Rs. Crore	283.91	280.99
4.2	Carrying Cost on FAC	Rs. Crore	2.04	2.02
4.3	Z _{FAC} for the month (Sr. No. 3.2)	Rs. Crore	173.41	173.10
4.4	Cumulative refund of FAC upto April, 2021	Rs. Crore	-	-
4.5	Holding Cost on Cumulative refund of FAC	Rs. Crore	-1	
4.6	Closing Balance of FAC Fund	Rs. Crore	459.35	456.11
4.7	Z _{FAC} leviable/refundable to consumer	Rs. Crore	459.35	456.11
5	Total FAC based on category wise and slab wise allowed to be recovered in future billing months	Rs. Crore		
6	Carried forward FAC for recovery during future period (4.7-5)	Rs. Crore	459.35#	456.11

AEML-D has sought recovery of the FAC amount from the month of May 2022 onwards in the period from December 2022 onwards.

- The difference the FAC amount to be carried forward as estimated by AEML-D and that that
 approved by the Commission is on account of disallowance due to excess distribution loss
 considered by the Commission and variation in the approval of the power purchase from
 DSM pool.
- 10.2 It can be seen from the above Table 19 that opening FAC fund for month of June 2022 is Rs. 280.99 Crore and standalone FAC for the month of June 2022 approved by the Commission is Rs. 173.10 Crore. Accordingly, the FAC amount leviable on the consumer for the month of June 2022 is Rs. 456.11 Crore.
- 10.3 The recovery of FAC amount from the consumers will be allowed in line with the provisions of the letter dated 5 April, 2022 issued by the Commission and based on the decision of the Commission elaborated in para 1.2 of this Report.

11. Recovery from Consumers:

11.1 Regulation 10.9 of MERC MYT Regulations, 2019 provides for methodology of recovery of FAC charge from each category of consumers. The relevant extract is reproduced as below.

"10.9 The ZFAC per kWh for a particular Tariff category/sub-category/consumption slab shall be computed as per the following formula: —

 $Z_{FAC\ Cat}\ (Rs/kWh) = [Z_{FAC}\ /\ (Metered\ sales + Unmetered\ consumption\ estimates + Excess\ distribution\ losses)] * k * 10,$

Where:

 Z_{FAC} $C_{at} = Z_{FAC}$ component for a particular Tariff category/sub-category/consumption slab in 'Rupees per kWh' terms;

k = Average Billing Rate / ACOS;

Average Billing Rate = Average Billing Rate for a particular Tariff category/subcategory/consumption slab under consideration in 'Rupees per kWh' as approved by the Commission in the Tariff Order:

Provided that the Average Billing Rate for the unmetered consumers shall be based on the estimated sales to such consumers, computed in accordance with such methodology as may be stipulated by the Commission:

ACOS = Average Cost of Supply in 'Rupees per kWh' as approved for recovery by the Commission in the Tariff Order:

Provided that the monthly Z_{FAC} shall not exceed 20% of the variable component of Tariff or such other ceiling as may be stipulated by the Commission from time to time:

Provided further that any under-recovery in the Z_{FAC} on account of such ceiling shall be carried forward and shall be recovered by the Distribution Licensee over such future period as may be directed by the Commission..."

- 11.2 The Commission allows the FAC amount of Rs. 173.10 Crore for the month of June 2022 to be added to the FAC fund and accordingly, the accumulated FAC fund value is Rs. 456.11 Crore at the end of the month of June 2022.
- 11.3 Accordingly, the approved FAC fund value of Rs. 456.11 Crore till the month of June 2022 is allowed to be carried forward and accumulated for three-month period i.e. up to the month of July 2022 as per letter dated 5 April, 2022 issued by the Commission.
- In view of the above, the per unit Z_{FAC} for the month of June 2022 to be levied on the consumers of AEML-D in the billing month of September 2022 is nil.



