Ref. No. MERC/FAC/2020-21/ WFH/SBR/11

To,

The Gigaplex Estate Private Ltd.,

K Raheja Corp, Level-9, Raheja Tower

Block 'G', Plot No. C-30,

Bandra Kurla Office

Bandra (E), Mumbai – 400 051

Subject: Post-facto approval of Fuel Adjustment Charges (FAC) submissions of GEPL for

the months of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021.

Reference: 1. GEPL's FAC submission for the month of January 2021, February 2021 and

March 2021 vide email dated 18 May, 2021.

Sir,

Upon vetting the FAC calculations for the months of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 as mentioned in the above reference, the Commission has accorded approval for charging FAC to its consumers as shown in the table below:

Month	January 2021	February 2021	March 2021
Z _{FAC} allowed for recovery (Rs. Crore)	0.03	0.02	0.01

The Commission allows NIL carry forward FAC for the month of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 to be recovered during future period for Gigaplex Estate Private Ltd. (GEPL).

Yours faithfully,

Date: 18 June, 2021

(Dr. Rajendra G. Ambekar) Executive Director, MERC

Encl: Annexure A: Detailed Vetting Report for the period of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021.

ANNEXURE

Detailed Vetting Report

Date: 11 June, 2021

POST-FACTO APPROVAL FOR FAC CHARGES FOR THE MONTHS OF JANUARY 2021, FEBRUARY 2021 and MARCH 2021

Subject: Post-facto approval of Fuel Adjustment Charges (FAC) submissions of GEPL for

the months of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021.

Reference: 1. GEPL's FAC submission for the month of January 2021, February 2021 and

March 2021 vide email dated 18 May, 2021.

1. FAC submission by GEPL:

1.1 GEPL has made FAC submissions for the months of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 as referred above. Upon vetting the FAC calculations, taking cognizance of all the submissions furnished by GEPL, the Commission has accorded post-facto approval for the FAC amount to be charged in the billing months of March 2021, April 2021 and May 2021.

2. Background

- 2.1 On 30 March, 2020 the Commission has issued Tariff Order in respect of GEPL (Case No. 330 of 2019) for approval of Aggregate Revenue Requirement and Multi Year Tariff for the Control Period from FY 2020-21 to FY 2024-25. Revised Tariff has been made applicable from 1 April, 2020.
- 2.2 Vide its letter dated 20 April, 2020, the Commission communicated the excel formats and guiding principles for filing of FAC submissions to all Distribution Licensees including SEZs. The Commission also directed all Distribution Licensees to submit FAC computations, including details pertaining to variation in fuel cost of generators for the approval of the Commission.
- 2.3 Vide FAC Vetting Report dated 7 June, 2020 the Commission accorded prior approval to the FAC for the month of April, 2020. Vide FAC vetting Report dated 25 September, 2020 the Commission accorded Post-facto approval to the FAC for the month of May and June, 2020. Vide FAC vetting Report dated 30 November, 2020 the Commission accorded Post-facto approval to the FAC for the months of July 2020, August 2020 and September 2020. Further, vide FAC vetting Report dated 16 March, 2021 the Commission accorded Post-

facto approval to the FAC for the months of October 2020, November 2020 and December 2020.

2.4 As per provisions of MYT Regulations, 2019 a Distribution Licensee (SEZ) is required to obtain post-facto approval of the Commission on a quarterly basis for FAC charges within 60 days of close of each quarter. Accordingly, vide its letter dated 18 May, 2021 GEPL has filed FAC submissions for the months of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 for post-facto approval. The Commission has scrutinized the submissions provided by GEPL and has also verified the fuel and power purchase bills provided along with its submissions.

3. Energy Sales of the Licensee

- 3.1 In the MYT Order passed by the Commission in Case No. 330 of 2019, the Commission has approved revised tariffs so as to maintain zero cross subsidy across tariff categories.
- 3.2 The net energy sales within licence area as submitted by GEPL in the FAC submission and as approved by the Commission are as shown in the Table 1 below:

	Approved by the	Monthly	Actual Sales (MU)			
Consumer Category	Commission (MU)	Approved (MU)	January, 2021	February, 2021	March, 2021	
	(I)	(II=I/12)	(III)	(IV)	(V)	
HT Category						
HT- I Industrial	36.52	3.04	1.25	1.12	1.33	
HT-II Commercial	1.42	0.12	0.06	0.06	0.06	
LT Category						
LT-II(A) Commercial (0-20 kW)	0.98	0.08	0.01	0.01	0.02	
LT-II (B) Commercial (above 20 kW)	0.21	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	
LT-III (A) Industrial (0-20 kW)	0.10	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.03	
LT-III (B) Industrial (above 20 kW)	4.25	0.35	0.13	0.12	0.14	
Total	43.48	3.62	1.49	1.34	1.58	

Table 1: Energy Sales approved and Actual in MUs

3.3 It can be observed from above Table 1 that the actual sales during the month January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 is 1.49 MU, 1.34 MU and 1.58 MU respectively, which is 58.95%, 62.97% and 56.44% lower than monthly approved energy sales of 3.62 MU for the FY 2020-21. The major variation was observed in the HT-I Industrial, HT-II Commercial and LT-III (B) Industrial categories as seen in the Table 1 above. As submitted by GEPL, this variation is on account of continuation of impact of COVID-19.

4. Power Purchase Details

- 4.1 GEPL is a deemed Distribution Licensee notified by the Commission for IT& ITES SEZ located at Airoli, Thane. GEPL does not own or operate any generating stations. Accordingly, GEPL is required to procure power from outside sources in order to fulfil the electricity demand of its consumers.
- 4.2 **Power Procurement from GMR Energy Trading Limited**: GEPL has medium term PPA with GMR Energy Trading Limited approved by the Commission in Case No. 266 of 2018 dated 26 September, 2018 which is valid up to March, 2021.
- 4.3 Further, the Commission in its Order (Adoption of Tariff) dated 26 March, 2020 in Case No. 64 of 2020 has approved the Power Procurement Agreement of GEPL with GMR Energy Trading Limited (GMRETL) (Source: Birla Carbon India Pvt. Ltd.) to purchase 3 MW power (09:00 hours to 23:00 hours, Weekdays i.e. Monday to Friday and excluding Saturday, Sunday and National Holidays) through short-term competitive bidding. The Commission had approved the Power purchase rate of Rs. 4.28/kWh for short-term power procurement valid from 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021.
- 4.4 The Commission in its Order dated 23 January, 2021 in Case No 231 of 2020 has approved the purchase of power from MBPPL. The relevant extract is as given below:

"9.6 The Commission notes that Variable cost of Rs 2.65/kWh being offered by MBPPL to GEPL is in line with the market trends and is lower than existing contract of GEPL with GMR i.e. Rs. 2.83/kWh. Such savings in the power purchase cost will reduce burden on the consumers of GEPL as well as MBPPL. Therefore, the Commission allows such bilateral contract between MBPPL and GEPL to be continued till June, 2021....."

4.5 Summary of power purchase of GEPL is as under:

Sr.	Particular	Compliance
No.		
1	Purchase from Approved Sources	Yes. GEPL has purchase from MBPPL during January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 which is the approved sources of power. Though, MBPPL was not approved as a source in MYT Order but the Commission in its Order in Case No 231 of 2020 dated 23 January, 2021 has approved the purchase of power from
		MBPPL.
2	Merit Order Dispatch	Yes. GEPL has followed merit order for scheduling of power and preference was given to cheapest power.
3	Fuel Utilization Plan	Not applicable. All the sources of power procurement fall under Section 63 of EA, 2003.
4	Pool Imbalance	GEPL has injected 0.03 MU, 0.01 MU and 0.01 MU to the imbalance pool for the month of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 respectively by scheduling of higher power.
5	Sale of Surplus	No Surplus power was available for sale.

	Power								
6	Power Purchase	January 2021,	Actual Power Purchase is 1.60 MU, 1.43 MU and 1.68 MU for January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 respectively as against approved 3.79 MU due to lower sales.						
7	Source wise Power Purchase	Source Nan	ne	Appr (M		Actual January 2021 (MU)	Proportion of each Source in Actual Purchase		
		GMRETL			2.17	-	0.00%		
		(MBPPL)	chase			1.60	100.00 %		
		Peak Source	Other		1.62	-	0.00 %		
		Total			3.79	1.60	100.00 %		
		Source Name		roved IU)		tual February 2021 (MU)	Proportion of each Source in Actual		
		GMRETL		2.17			Purchase 0.00%		
		Bilateral		2.17		1.43	100.00 %		
		Purchase (MBPPL)				1.13	100.00 %		
		Exchange/ Other Peak Source		1.62		-	0.00 %		
		Total		3.79		1.43	100.00 %		
		Source Name		Appr (M	roved (U)	Actual March 2021	Proportion of each Source in		
		GMRETL			2.17	(MU)	Actual Purchase 0.00%		
			chase	2.17		1.68	100.00 %		
			Other		1.62	-	0.00 %		
		Total			3.79	1.68	100.00 %		
		MYT tariff ord but the Commi	approved source in e No. 330 of 2019 se No 231 of 2020 st.						
8	Power Purchase under Section 63 of Electricity Act, 2003	Monthly power Purchase rates each source of	dated 23 January, 2021 due to lower variable cost. Monthly power purchase invoices are submitted by GEPL. Power Purchase rates are verified from the PPA signed by GEPL with each source of power. Monthly power purchase quantum and rate are verified from the invoices and it is ensured that same has been						

		considered in the FAC calculation.
9	Short Term Power	No short-term power purchase is done for January 2021, February
	Purchase	2021 and March 2021.

5. Power Purchase Cost:

- 5.1 The Commission has scrutinised the detailed bills/invoices submitted for power purchase during the month of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021, in order to verify the claim of GEPL regarding Average Power Purchase Cost (APPC). The Commission has verified the actual as well as approved Net Purchase (MUs), Variable Cost (Rs./kWh) and Power Purchase Cost considered in FAC computation from the invoices and applicable MYT Order respectively.
- 5.2 The Power Purchase cost incurred in January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 is Rs. 0.79 Crore, Rs. 0.71 Crore and Rs 0.81 Crore respectively, which is significantly lower than the total approved Power Purchase cost of Rs. 1.81 Crore by the Commission for the month of in January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021.
- 5.3 **GMR Energy Trading Limited:** GEPL has submitted that for optimization of cost it has not scheduled any power in the month of in January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 from GMRETL and has procured power at a lower variable cost from MBPPL. Since, GEPL has a PPA with GMRETL the fixed cost obligation has been honoured and Rs.0.37 Crore, Rs. 0.33 Crore and Rs. 0.37 Crore in the month of in January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 respectively has been paid. As no power was scheduled the variable cost is nil. The Commission has verified all the invoices.
- 5.4 **Bilateral Purchase:** The Commission notes than GEPL has procured power from MBPPL on short-term basis in the month of in January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021. This source was not approved by the Commission in Case No. 330 of 2019 dated 30 March 2020 while determining MYT Tariff however in Case No 231 of 2020 dated 23 January, 2021, the Commission has approved the source of power purchase. The relevant extract of the Commission Order in Case No 231 of 2020 is as below:
 - "9.4 The Commission notes that due to COVID-19, demand of MBPPL has reduced to the tune of 4.5MW to 6.4 MW. But as per medium term PPA, JPL is the source of power of 10MW and MBPPL is required to pay fixed costs as per terms and conditions of Medium term PPA which unnecessary burdens the consumers of MBPPL with fixed cost. MBPPL for selling surplus power of 3.5 MW has entered into bilateral agreement with GEPL from October, 2020 to March 2021 and it is proposed to continue the above arrangement till June 2021, i.e., till the expiry of MBPPL's Medium-term PPAs.
 - 9.5 The Commission notes that MBPPL in the past also had sold surplus power. The Commission verifies the viability of the bilateral agreement and found that this agreement ensures the variable cost of Rs. 2.65/Unit for GEPL against the variable cost of Rs. 2.83/Unit from GMRETL under medium term PPA. This will reduce the variable cost

burden as well as STU charges reducing per unit cost even if the fixed cost is mandatory to pay under medium term agreement. Thus, there is expected saving of Rs. 0.80/kWh for GEPL. Also, overall power purchase cost of MBPPL is expected to reduce by Rs. 0.50/kWh for MBPPL.

9.6 The Commission notes that Variable cost of Rs 2.65/kWh being offered by MBPPL to GEPL is in line with the market trends and is lower than existing contract of GEPL with GMR i.e. Rs. 2.83/kWh. Such savings in the power purchase cost will reduce burden on the consumers of GEPL as well as MBPPL. Therefore, the Commission allows such bilateral contract between MBPPL and GEPL to be continued till June, 2021. As far as KRCIPPL is concerned, it is proposing to meet its demand for the period of April to June 2021 through separate short-term contract, before combined power procurement can be started from 1 July 2021. The Commission allows the same."

- 5.5 GEPL has procured power from MBPPL at a variable cost per unit of Rs. 2.65 / kWh for the month of in January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 same as the approved rate of Rs. 2.65 / kWh. The Commission has verified the bills from the power purchase bills.
- 5.6 **Power Procurement from Exchange/Other Peak Sources**: GEPL has not procured any power from exchange in the months of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021.
- 5.7 **Renewable Sources:** The Commission has also approved Rs. 0.06 Crore each for in January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 for purchase of REC to meet Renewable Purchase Obligation. GEPL has not purchased any REC for the months of in January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021. By avoiding purchase of REC, GEPL has reduced power purchase cost but created liability for future months.
- 5.8 **Imbalance Pool:** It is observed that GEPL has injected 0.03 MUs, 0.01 MUs and 0.01 MUs to the imbalance pool in the months of in January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 respectively. The said injection into the pool may be on account of either decrease in demand of consumers than that estimated by the licensee or due to higher generation than scheduled by the generator. In both the scenarios, power incremented in the imbalance pool is not supplied to its consumers.
- 5.9 The present FAC mechanism includes any variation in power purchase cost which includes both Fixed Charges and Variable Charges. The imbalance pool settlement is done considering Variable Charges on monthly basis and Fixed Cost Reconciliation on yearly basis. Accordingly, considering monthly surplus imbalance pool quantum at provisional variable cost as per FBSM mechanism will increase the overall average power purchase cost which is computed considering both Fixed and Variable Charges, thereby burdening the consumers with FAC. Further, due to historical issues of delay in computing imbalance pool quantum and cost of power, for which appropriate orders are already passed by the Commission, non-consideration of surplus imbalance pool quantum at the time of FAC computation on monthly basis will not have any adverse impact on licensee as it would have anyway paid the entire fixed cost to the generator even if lower quantum

of power was supplied. Further, for FAC computation total energy purchased by the licensee is being considered for FAC Computation. In view of the aforesaid, it would not be prudent to burden the consumers by considering the impact of monthly surplus imbalance pool in FAC computation. Accordingly, to balance overall interest of consumers and licensee, the Commission has not considered the surplus imbalance pool quantum and cost in the monthly FAC computation as it will get adjusted during truing-up of the respective year.

- 5.10 The Commission has noted that GEPL has followed Merit Order Dispatch for scheduling of power and all sources are scheduled according to SLDC instructions.
- 5.11 **Approved Cost**: The details of the overall cost approved and actual for the month of in January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 as per MYT Order is as shown in the Table 2 below:

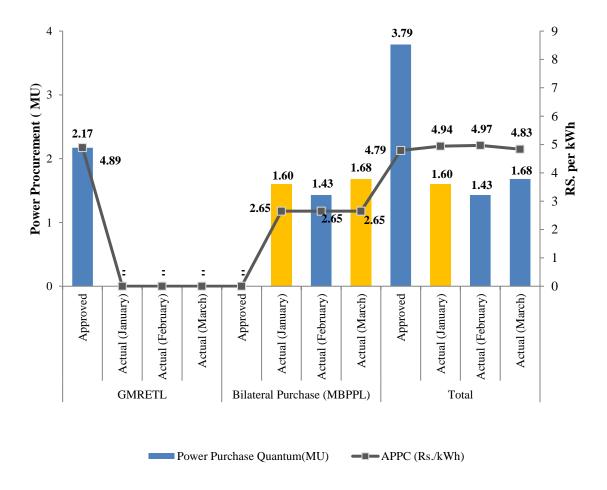
Table 2: Approved and Actual Power Purchase Cost for GEPL

Source		Power Purchas e Quantu m (MU)	Fixed Cost (Rs. Cror e)	Fixed Cost (Rs./ kWh)	Varia ble Cost (Rs. Crore	Varia ble Cost (Rs./ kWh)	Tota l Cost (Rs. Cror e)	APP C (Rs./ kWh
	Approved	2.17	0.45	2.07	0.61	2.82	1.06	4.89
	Actual (January)	-	0.37	1	1	1	0.37	-
GMRETL	Actual (February)	1	0.33	1	1	1	0.33	-
	Actual (March)	-	0.37	1	1	-	0.37	-
	Approved							
	Actual (January)	1.60	-	-	0.42	2.65	0.42	2.65
Bilateral Purchase (MBPPL)	Actual (February	1.43	1	1	0.38	2.65	0.38	2.65
	Actual (March)	1.68	ı	ı	0.45	2.65	0.45	2.65
	Approved	1.62	0	-	0.69	4.28	0.69	4.28
	Actual (January)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange/Other Peak Source	Actual (February	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Actual (March)	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Total	Approved	3.79	0.45	1.19	1.36	3.6	1.81	4.79

Source		Power Purchas e Quantu m (MU)	Fixed Cost (Rs. Cror e)	Fixed Cost (Rs./ kWh)	Varia ble Cost (Rs. Crore	Varia ble Cost (Rs./ kWh)	Tota l Cost (Rs. Cror e)	APP C (Rs./ kWh
	Actual (January)	1.60	0.37	2.29	0.42	2.65	0.79	4.94
	Actual (February	1.43	0.33	2.32	0.38	2.65	0.71	4.97
	Actual (March)	1.68	0.37	2.18	0.45	2.65	0.81	4.83

5.12 Source wise approved and actual quantum of power procured and APPC is shown in the graph below:

Figure 1: Variation in Power Procurement and Total per unit Cost



5.13 Reasons for the rate variation for various sources are as shown below:

Table 3: Reasons for Rate Variation for various Sources

Sr.	Source	Month	Approved	Actual Rate	Reason for rate variation
No.			Rate (Rs.	(Rs./kWh)	
			/kWh)		
1	GMRETL	January 2021		#	Only fixed cost obligation is paid.
		February 2021		#	Power is purchased at lower variable
		March 2021	4.89	#	rate from MBPPL.
			4.09		# Though there is fixed cost
					payment but rate is not worked out
					as there is nil power purchase.
1	MBPPL	January 2021		2.65	The power has been purchased at the
		February 2021		2.65	approved rate.
		March 2021		2.65	
2	Exchange/	January 2021		0.00	No power is procured from
	Other Peak	February 2021	4.28	0.00	exchange
	Source	March 2021		0.00	
3	Total	January 2021	4.79	4.94	Due to above factors.
		February 2021	4./9	4.97	
		March 2021		4.83	

5.14 Considering the above, the Commission allows the average power purchase cost of Rs. 4.94 /kWh, Rs. 4.97 / kWh and Rs. 4.83 / kWh for the months of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 respectively as shown in Table 2 above. The variation in power purchase cost is mainly on account of increase in burden of per unit Fixed Cost as a result of lower sales.

6. FAC on account of fuel and power purchase cost (F)

- 6.1 The Commission has worked out the average power purchase costs for the months of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 as shown in Table 4 below. The same has been compared with the average power purchase cost approved by the Commission in MYT Order dated 30 March, 2020 to arrive at the differential per unit rate at which Z_{FAC} is to be passed on to the consumers.
- 6.2 Thus, the following Table 4 shows the Z_{FAC} worked out by the Commission on account of difference in power purchase cost for the month of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021.

Table 4: FAC on account of Power Purchase Cost

Sr. No.	Particulars	Units	January , 2021	February , 2021	March , 2021
1	Average power purchase cost approved by the Commission	Rs./kWh	4.79	4.79	4.79
2	Actual average power purchase cost	Rs./kWh	4.94	4.97	4.83
3	Change in average power purchase cost (=2 -1)	Rs./kWh	0.15	0.18	0.05
4	Net Power Purchase	MU	1.60	1.43	1.68
5	Change in power purchase cost (=3 x 4/10)	Rs. Crore	0.02	0.03	0.01

7. Adjustment for over recovery/under recovery (B)

7.1 The adjustment factor for over recovery/under recovery (B) is as shown in Table 5 below.

Table 5: Adjustment for over recovery/under recovery

S. No	Particulars	Units	January , 2021	February , 2021	March , 2021
1.1	Incremental cost allowed to be recovered in Month n-4	Rs. Crore	0.13	0.14	0.03
1.2	Incremental cost in Month n-4 actually recovered in month n-2	Rs. Crore	0.14	0.14	0.03
1.3	(over-recovery)/under-recovery (=1.2 - 1.1)	Rs. Crore	(0.005)	(0.004)	0.002
2	Carried forward adjustment for over- recovery/under-recovery attributable to application of ceiling limit for previous month	Rs. Crore	0.01	-	-
3	Adjustment factor for over-recovery/under-recovery (1.3+2.0)	Rs. Crore	0.004	(0.004)	0.002

7.2 The incremental cost actually recovered as considered by GEPL during the months of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 has been verified from the bill report generated through SAP system submitted by GEPL and found to be in order.

8. <u>Carrying Cost for over recovery/under recovery (C)</u>

- 8.1 Carrying/Holding Cost for under recovery/over recovery has been granted at the approved interest rate for the eligible amount. The following Table 6 shows the month wise interest rate and amount worked out as Carrying/Holding Cost for under/over recovery for the months of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021.
- 8.2 The Commission has considered MCLR rate of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 month plus 150 basis points which works out to 8.50% for January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021. Accordingly, the Commission has calculated carrying cost.

Table 6: Carrying/Holding Cost for over/under recovery

Particulars	Units	January, 2021	February , 2021	March, 2021
Adjustment factor for over-recovery/under-recovery	Rs. Crore	0.004	(0.004)	0.002
Interest rate	%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%
Carrying cost for over-recovery/under-recovery	Rs. Crore	0.00	(0.00)	0.00

9. <u>Disallowance due to excess Distribution Loss</u>

9.1 Regulation 10.8 of MYT Regulations, 2019 provides for FAC amount to be reduced in case the actual distribution loss for the month exceeds the approved distribution loss. The relevant extract is reproduced as follows.

"10.8 The total Z_{FAC} recoverable as per the formula specified above shall be recovered from the actual sales in terms of "Rupees per kilowatt-hour":

Provided that, in case of unmetered consumers, the Z_{FAC} shall be recoverable based on estimated sales to such consumers, computed in accordance with such methodology as may be stipulated by the Commission:

Provided further that, where the actual annual sliding distribution losses of the Distribution Licensee exceed the level approved by the Commission, the amount of Z_{FAC} corresponding to the excess distribution losses (in kWh terms) shall be deducted from the total Z_{FAC} recoverable"

9.2 The following Table 7 provides the comparison of approved and actual distribution loss and disallowance due to excess distribution loss:

Table 7: Disallowance of FAC due to excess Distribution Loss

Sr. No.	Particulars	Units	Approved in Tariff Order	January, 2021	February, 2021	March, 2021
1	Net Energy input at Distribution Voltages	MU	3.67	1.52	1.38	1.62
2	Energy sales at Distribution voltages	MU	3.62	1.49	1.34	1.58
3	Distribution Loss (1 - 2)	MU	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.04
4	Distribution Loss as % (3/1)	%	1.20%	2.13%	2.49%	2.51%
5	Cumulative Distribution Loss	%	1.20%	2.26%	2.28%	2.30%
6	Excess Distribution Loss = [Cumulative Distribution Loss - Distribution loss approved] x Net Energy Input (1)	MU	-	0.02	0.01	0.02
7	Disallowance of FAC due to excess Distribution Loss	Rs. Crore	-	0.0003	0.0002	0.0001

9.3 As seen from the above Table 7, distribution loss for the months of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 is 2.13 %, 2.49 % and 2.51 % respectively, which higher than the MYT approved distribution loss of 1.20%. The cumulative distribution loss for the months of January to March, 2021 is also higher than the MYT approved distribution loss of 1.20%.

9.4 The Commission observed that GEPL has worked out disallowance of FAC due to excess Distribution Loss based on the Distribution Loss corresponding to the standalone energy input at distribution voltage for the month of January to March, 2021. The Commission considers the same for disallowance of FAC due to excess distribution loss.

10. Summary of Allowable ZFAC

10.1 The summary of the FAC amount as approved by the Commission for the month of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 which is allowed to be recovered in the billing month March, April and May, 2021 as shown in the Table 8 below.

Table 8: Summary of Allowable ZFAC

Sr. No.	Particulars	Units	January, 2021	February, 2021	March, 2021
1	Calculation of \mathbf{Z}_{FAC}				
1.1	Change in cost of generation and power purchase attributable to Sales within the License Area (F)	Rs. Crore	0.02	0.03	0.01
1.2	Carrying cost for over-recovery/under-recovery (C)	Rs. Crore	0.00003	(0.00003)	0.00001
1.3	Adjustment factor for over-recovery/under-recovery (B)	Rs. Crore	0.004	(0.004)	0.002
1.5	$\mathbf{Z}_{FAC} = \mathbf{F} + \mathbf{C} + \mathbf{B}$	Rs. Crore	0.03	0.02	0.01
2	Calculation of FAC Charge				
2.1	Energy Sales within the License Area	MU	1.49	1.34	1.58
2.2	Excess Distribution Loss	MU	0.02	0.01	0.02
2.3	Z _{FAC} per kWh	Rs./kWh	0.19	0.16	0.06
3	Recovery of FAC				
3.1	FAC disallowed corresponding to excess Distribution Loss [((2.1+2.2) x 2.3)/10]	Rs. Crore	0.0003	0.0002	0.0001
3.2	Allowable FAC	Rs. Crore	0.03	0.02	0.01
4	Utilization of FAC Fund				
4.1	Opening Balance of FAC Fund	Rs. Crore	-	-	1
4.2	Holding Cost on FAC Fund	Rs. Crore	-	1	1
4.3	Z_{FAC} for the month (Sr. No. 3.2)	Rs. Crore	0.03	0.02	0.01
4.4	Closing Balance of FAC Fund	Rs. Crore	-	-	-
4.5	Z _{FAC} leviable/refundable to consumer	Rs. Crore	0.03	0.02	0.01
5	Total FAC based on category wise and slab wise allowed to be recovered	Rs. Crore	0.03	0.02	0.01
6	Carried forward FAC for recovery during future period (3.1-3.2-4)	Rs. Crore	-	-	-

10.2 It can be seen from the above Table 8 that standalone FAC for the months of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 is Rs. 0.03 Crore, Rs. 0.02 Crore and Rs. 0.01 Crore

respectively. Based on energy sales and excess distribution loss, FAC per unit has been worked out as Rs. 0.19 / kWh, Rs. 0.16 / kWh and Rs. 0.06 / kWh for the months of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 respectively as shown above.

10.3 Further, the Regulation 10.9 of MYT Regulations, 2019 specifies as:

Provided that the monthly Z_{FAC} shall not exceed 20% of the variable component of Tariff or such other ceiling as may be stipulated by the Commission from time to time:

- 10.4 As the FAC per unit computed in the months of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 as shown in Table 8 above is lower than the 20% cap specified in MYT Regulations, 2019, hence, there is no restriction imposed with regards to such ceiling.
- 10.5 Further, the FAC recoverable has been worked out as Rs. 0.03 Crore, Rs. 0.02 Crore and 0.01 Crore for the months of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 respectively. Thus, there is no carry forward FAC to be recovered in the future period.

11. Recovery from Consumers:

11.1 Regulation 10.9 of MERC MYT Regulations, 2019 provides for methodology of recovery of FAC charge from each category of consumers. The relevant extract is reproduced as below.

"10.9 The Z_{FAC} per kWh for a particular Tariff category/sub-category/consumption slab shall be computed as per the following formula: —

 $Z_{FAC\ Cat}\ (Rs/kWh) = [Z_{FAC}\ /\ (Metered\ sales + Unmetered\ consumption\ estimates + Excess\ distribution\ losses)]*k*10,$ Where:

 $Z_{FAC\ Cat} = Z_{FAC}$ component for a particular Tariff category/sub-category/consumption slab in 'Rupees per kWh' terms;

k = Average Billing Rate / ACOS;

Average Billing Rate = Average Billing Rate for a particular Tariff category/sub-category/consumption slab under consideration in 'Rupees per kWh' as approved by the Commission in the Tariff Order:

Provided that the Average Billing Rate for the unmetered consumers shall be based on the estimated sales to such consumers, computed in accordance with such methodology as may be stipulated by the Commission:

 $ACOS = Average\ Cost\ of\ Supply\ in\ 'Rupees\ per\ kWh'\ as\ approved\ for\ recovery\ by\ the\ Commission\ in\ the\ Tariff\ Order:$

Provided that the monthly Z_{FAC} shall not exceed 20% of the variable component of Tariff or such other ceiling as may be stipulated by the Commission from time to time:

Provided further that any under-recovery in the Z_{FAC} on account of such ceiling shall be carried forward and shall be recovered by the Distribution Licensee over such future period as may be directed by the Commission...."

- 11.2 The Commission has worked out FAC per unit for each category of consumer based on the formula provided in the above Regulations.
- 11.3 The following Table 9 shows Z_{FAC} revenue for the month of January 2021, February 2021 and March 2021 to be levied on consumers of GEPL in the billing month of March 2021, April 2021 and May 2021.

Table 9: Category wise FAC Revenue for Billing Month of March 2021, April 2021 and May 2021

Sr. No	Consumer Category	Slabs	Z_{FAC} to be computed for the month (Rs. Crore)			
			January, 2021	February, 2021	March, 2021	
	HT Category					
1	HT- I Industrial	all units	0.0233	0.0175	0.0081	
2	HT-II Commercial	all units	0.0012	0.0009	0.0004	
	LT Category					
3	LT-I General Purpose	all units				
4	LT-II(A) Commercial (0-20 kW)	all units	0.0003	0.0002	0.0001	
5	LT-II (B) Commercial (above 20 kW)	all units	0.0002	0.0002	0.0001	
6	LT-III (A) Industrial (0-20 kW)	all units	0.0005	0.0004	0.0002	
7	LT-III (B) Industrial (above 20 kW)	all units	0.0024	0.0019	0.0008	
	Total		0.03	0.02	0.01	

11.4 It is observed that for FY 2020-21, there has been overall reduction in sales of GEPL by 60.07% than approved by the Commission due to lower demand in view of Covid-19 pandemic. It is pertinent to note that the sales of Industrial Category and Commercial Category have significantly reduced by 60% and 76% respectively. The substantial reduction in sales will lead to lower revenue realisation whereas the fixed costs for running the operations incurred by the Licensee are unlikely to be reduced, thereby creating a revenue gap for FY 2020-21. This revenue gap will be claimed by the Licensee at the time of MTR proceedings along with carrying cost thereby impacting the tariff of consumers. Demand is likely to get affected due to the presumably second wave of Covid-19 pandemic for which the Government has announced various restrictions. This is also likely to reduce the sales of licensee in FY 2021-22 thereby impacting the revenue and creation of revenue gap to be recovered in future along with carrying cost. In view of the likely impact on tariff due to such revenue gap being claimed by the Licensees at the time of MTR proceedings, the Commission is of the view that it is important to take necessary steps so that

consumers are not subjected to tariff shock in future. Accordingly, the Commission has decided to accumulate the FAC Fund arising out of negative FAC up to March 2023 along with the holding cost. The FAC Fund so accumulated will not only help in bridging the revenue gap but also help in avoiding the variation in monthly tariff due to positive FAC. The Commission will continuously monitor the FAC Fund and pass appropriate directions in future regarding its utilisation.